

18. Findings and conclusions



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18.1 EIS findings

The key findings of the EIS are:

- The Project will allow delivery of coal to the Port of Hay Point at a significantly increased rate to match demand for rail transport capacity.
- Landholders whose land is required for the Project will be financially compensated in accordance with Government policy.
- The potential land use benefits of the Project will outweigh the direct property impacts and other potential land use impacts.
- The Project complies with the planning intentions of the Sarina Shire Council Planning Scheme and will comply with the applicable Commonwealth and State legislation.
- The Project requires a Material Change of Use development approval under the Sarina Shire Council Planning Scheme. Other environmental approvals are also required.
- Soils within the project area range from medium to very high potential risk of dispersion. Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented to protect soils from potential erosion.
- Potential Acid Sulfate Soils occur within the area. Potential impacts from disturbance of these soils will be mitigated by minimising exposure in high risk areas and by implementing an Acid Sulfate Soil Management Plan during construction.
- Land use changes, extension of engineered landforms and construction activities will impact on the formation, structure and potential stability of topographical features within the project area. Mitigation of these impacts will be achieved through design for landscaping, revegetation and engineering ground improvements.
- Areas of exposed sandy/silty clays, sandy silts, clayey gravels, clayey/silty sands may
 experience trafficking problems during construction, particularly after periods of rainfall. Ground
 improvement and preparation measures will be implemented prior to construction to mitigate the
 potential impacts to construction programmes.
- The potential impacts from settlement will be mitigated through design of appropriate ground treatment and improvement measures as an outcome of further geotechnical investigations.
- A number of areas of concern were identified in relation to the potential for existing
 contamination within the project area and land directly adjoining. Further investigations will be
 required to assess the potential risk of these areas prior to construction and site disturbance.
- Drainage lines and areas of vegetation to be retained are vulnerable to potential contamination resulting from material storage and construction site activities. Mitigation of these impacts will be achieved through appropriate siting of construction sites and material storage areas away from vulnerable or sensitive locations.
- The construction of the rail infrastructure and associated road works will result in the removal of approximately 10.1 ha of terrestrial vegetation and 0.2 ha of marine plants. While 10.3 ha of native vegetation will be cleared for the Project, this is mitigated by:
 - Supplementary planing which may be possible along the remaining riparian vegetation along Elizabeth and Willy Creeks.
 - Avoiding areas which may contain rare and threatened flora.



- The impacts to native fauna are the severing of two corridors, removal of habitat and increased
 edge effects. Some fauna species will be forced to relocated and compete for resources in the
 surrounding areas. The implementation of mitigation and management measures during the
 construction and operation of the rail infrastructure will ensure that potential impacts to
 terrestrial and aquatic flora and fauna within the area is minimised.
- Analysis along Elizabeth Creek showed that the velocity and peak discharge of the flow as it
 leaves the project area is similar to existing levels and it is unlikely to be necessary to undertake
 further works to lessen the impact of flooding on Gurnetts Road.
- Scour protection will be required at all bridge abutments, culvert inlets and outlets and the base of the Elizabeth Creek channel to mitigate erosion from high velocity flows.
- Downstream of Elizabeth Creek, highly elevated levels of nutrients were recorded.
- Water used during construction will be monitored to ensure compliance with relevant standards and guidelines and protect against adverse impacts to the surrounding environment, particularly relating to soil salinity levels and associated impacts.
- Diversion of Elizabeth Creek will be mitigated through the maintenance of base flow conditions within the stream channel to reduce the potential impact on aquatic ecology downstream of the project area.
- Construction will only have a relatively minor impact on the existing groundwater regime. The extent of impact will be confined to within a few hundred metres of each excavation.
- Project design will need to account for the presence of groundwater within the project area, which has the potential to impact on embankment stability, floor heave and issues associated with the management of corrosive water.
- Results from the air quality assessment indicate that air quality will remain below the relevant air quality standards and goals at sensitive receptors within the Jilalan area.
- Existing conflict points between road and rail will be removed by grade separation, improving
 safety and traffic flow around the site and its access points. Impact to the road network will be
 further mitigated through the construction of internal haul roads. Access will be regulated with
 signage, gates and fencing where practicable.
- Construction noise and vibration can be adequately mitigated by implementing a Construction Noise and Vibration Control Sub Plan and associated mitigation measures.
- Operational activities will comply with relevant approved conditions, policies and QR's Code of Practice for Railway Noise Management to minimise noise and vibration impacts on sensitive receptors within the Jilalan area.
- Waste minimisation, reuse and recycling policies and procedures will be implemented during construction and operation to minimise the impact of the Project on the waste stream.
- While the Project will change the existing visual landscape of the area, the proposed rail
 upgrade is consistent with the adjoining Jilalan Rail Yard and proposed mitigation measures will
 assist in minimising the visual impact.
- The estimated peak construction workforce is approximately 300 employees. Temporary accommodation for the majority of those employees will be within the Project Accommodation Village located at the Sarina Golf Course.
- There is sufficient land available in Sarina Shire to accommodate the anticipated operational workforce.
- The Project will result in the loss of approximately 100 ha of Good Quality Agricultural Land which is currently under sugar cane production.



Cane land to be acquired as a result of this Project will result in a small reduction in the total
contract area supplying CSR Plane Creek Mill, however the overall economic benefit associated
with the Project to increase the capacity to transport coal from the mines to the Port is
significant to both the local, regional and State economy. Additionally, CSR are likely to develop
approximately 120 ha of cane land within the Jilalan area in the future.

18.2 List of Proponent commitments

The key commitments for implementation during construction and operational phases of the Project are summarised in Table 18.1.

Table 18.1 Proponent commitments

Environmental area	QR's commitment
General	The proponent will take all reasonable and practicable measures to minimise the likelihood of environmental harm being caused
	The proponent will ensure the design minimises the environmental footprint
	The proponent will prepare and implement a Construction EMP for this project that includes: Erosion and Sediment Control Plan Acid Sulfate Soil mitigation measures Flora and Fauna Sub Plan Revegetation Sub Plan Weed Management Sub Plan Water Quality Monitoring Programme Dust Management Sub Plan Noise and Vibration Management Sub Plan Waste Management Sub Plan Cultural Heritage Management Plan Other measures contained in the EIS EMP
	The proponent will prepare and implement an Operational EMP
	The proponent will continue to provide project updates and progress to the community and stakeholders
Land use, planning and approvals	The proponent will obtain all required planning and environment approvals for the construction and operation, and implement the management measures and conditions
	The proponent will ensure the protection of adjoining existing sensitive land uses in terms of amenity (noise, visual, lighting), specifically during the planning phase of the project
Topography, geology and soils	Erosion and sediment control plans will be developed and implemented as part of the Construction EMP
	The Engineering Guidelines for Queensland for Soil Erosion and Sediment Control (IEAust 1996) will be implemented
Nature conservation	To offset the removal of vegetation and marine plants, the proponent will develop a Revegetation Management Sub Plan in consultation with relevant authorities (eg DNRW, EPA and DPIF)
	Safe fish passages will be constructed through Elizabeth and Willy Creeks in accordance with DPIF guidelines
	Vegetation to be cleared will be clearly marked by tape, pegs, etc and will not rely on design drawings. No go zones to be clearly marked.
	Vegetation clearing will be restricted to that necessary for the project works
	The proponent will develop and implement a Flora and Fauna Management Sub Plan and Weed Management Sub Plan during construction



Environmental area	QR's commitment
Water quality	During construction, routine water quality monitoring will be implemented
	During the operation phase of the Project, the proponent will continue water quality monitoring of Elizabeth and Willy Creeks, measuring a range of physico-chemical parameters in accordance with licence conditions
	The proponent will adopt water efficiency strategies during construction and operation
	Erosion and sediment control measures will be implemented and maintained to minimise erosion and the release of sediment, particularly at Plane, Elizabeth and Willy Creeks and the wetland
	Treated stormwater runoff waters will only be released in compliance with the EPA ERA licence conditions
	The proponent will minimise potential mosquito breeding sites onsite by preventing ponding waters
Air environment	The proponent will undertake dust monitoring at selected locations with the project area during construction
	During construction, the proponent will ensure watering of unsealed roads to minimise the release of dust and particulate matter
	Any dust complaints will be actively investigated and the complainant will be consulted of the outcome
	The proponent will implement the relevant findings of QR Coal Loss Environmental Evaluation during the operational phase of the Project
Noise and vibration	Any noise complaints will be actively investigated and the complainant will be notified of the outcome
Waste	The proponent will develop and implement a site specific Waste Management Sub Plan
	The proponent will ensure any waste generated are stored, handled and transferred in a proper and efficient manner and are not released into the environment
Cultural heritage	The proponent will develop a Cultural Heritage Management Plan (CHMP) and will ensure Aboriginal Duty of Care throughout the project
	The proponent will incorporate cultural heritage awareness into worker induction programmes
Visual and lighting impacts	Existing vegetation will be retained where possible and removed only when necessary for the project works
	Where vegetation is removed these areas will be progressively rehabilitated
	Construction and operational lighting will have shields around the globes and will be limited to extraneous lights where practicable
	Vegetated native buffer zone along western side of Gurnetts Road to be provided
Social and economic	The proponent will ensure ongoing and transparent consultation of adjoining landowners, canegrowers, Sarina Shire Council and other stakeholders
	The proponent will explore opportunities through project design for future stakeholder benefits
Traffic impacts	The proponent will develop and implement a Traffic Management Plan
	The proponent will upgrade the existing road network at Oonooie Road in consultation with CSR



Environmental area	QR's commitment
Hazard and risk	All staff will be trained in emergency response procedures
	The proponent will take into consideration the potential for mosquito breeding during the design phase
	 Where possible, the proponent will adopt the quietest plant and equipment to achieve minimal noise impacts on nearby residents given construction is proposed 24hours/7days per week

18.3 Conclusion

The EIS concludes that the proposed Project will have an impact on the existing environment within and adjoining the project area through ecological and social aspects.

The EIS also concludes that the potential for adverse impacts during construction and operation will be mitigated through the implementation of appropriate safeguards and management measures. Best practice environmental management will be adopted and implemented throughout the Project for all environmental aspects.

In summary, the Project can be constructed and operate in a manner that addresses and meets all relevant statutory goals and criteria, environmental objectives and considerations, and reasonable stakeholder expectations.



