



CAIRNS SHIPPING DEVELOPMENT PROJECT

Revised Draft Environmental Impact Statement

APPENDIX K: Soil Values and Constraints

Assessment, Northern Sands Report (2016)







EPORT

BASELINE SOILS REPORT - NORTHERN SANDS

Cairns Shipping Development Project

Report Number.

1546223-005-R-Rev3

Distribution:

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Executive Summary

Approximately 1.9 M m³ of dredged material (subject to further investigation) is proposed to be pumped into the existing sand pit at Northern Sands. The existing pit may be able to accommodate all of the dredged spoil in a single stage of dredging or several stages of dredging. If this is not the case the pit could be expanded to the north-west and/or containment bund wall could be constructed to increase capacity.

The Northern Sands site and potential delivery pipeline routes are located in an area dominated by Holocene aged alluvial deposits of sand, silt and mud sediments. Some of these sediments are ASS.

Ground surface levels across the Northern Sand site typically range from about 5.5m to 2m AHD. The existing sand pit has been excavated to levels typically in the range of -1.5m to -4.5m AHD across the majority of the pit and to levels in the range from -6.5m to -14.5m AHD in the southern and eastern portions of the pit.

Placement of PASS dredged materials in the pit, below the permanent water table and covered by self-neutralising dredged materials will negate the need for treatment of PASS dredged materials. Insitu ASS materials are unlikely to be disturbed by placement of dredged materials in the existing pit. Excavations to depths greater than 1m in the areas south and east of the sand pit and to depths of more than about 4m to the north of the sand pit may disturb/encounter ASS materials. Excavations in ASS materials will need to be managed appropriately.

Construction of containment bunds and/or ponds/channels to manage tailwater quality will need to be carried out using clayey materials. Some of the near surface soils around the existing pit are expected to be generally clayey in nature, however they may not be suitable for construction of bunds or channels and liners may be required. The size and/or location of containment bunds around the existing pit may be constrained by stability issues. Parts of the site surrounding the sand pit may be needed for ponds/channels to manage tailwater quality. Suitable land areas may not be available.

Potential delivery pipeline routes traverse across low lying areas at levels between 1m and 2m AHD near the shoreline, before rising to traverse across cane fields with surface levels at about 4m AHD to the north of the Captain Cook Highway. If no significant excavations are carried out along the pipeline route, ASS materials are unlikely to be disturbed. Confirmation sampling would be required to confirm ASS conditions at staging ponds or excavations proposed near Thomatis Creek or Barr Creek.

Some areas along the proposed alignments of the delivery pipeline comprise soft clays at or near the surface. The presence of these soils may make access difficult for heavy machinery if required.





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FIGURES:

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Figure 3 - Surface Geology

Figure 4 - Soils Map

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Figure 6 - Investigation Locations and Well Locations

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APPENDICES:

APPENDIX A

Historical Borelogs and QLD Registered Groundwater Bores

APPENDIX B

Important Information

Acronyms

AHD: Australian Height Datum

ASS: Acid Sulfate Soil

AASS: Actual Acid Sulfate Soil .

PASS: Potential Acid Sulfate Soil



1.0 INTRODUCTION

Flanagan Consulting Group (FCG) commissioned Golder Associates Pty Ltd (Golder) to provide advice and assessment of soil issues as part of the Revised Draft Environmental Impact Statement for the Cairns Shipping Development (CSD) project.

The revised CSD project involves the following:

- Reduced channel widening and deepening plus dredging of the swing basin and berth pockets in the inner port area (capital dredging). This will result in a total capital dredging volume of about 860 000m³. This is an in-situ material volume calculated as occurring between current maintenance dredging depths and the enlarged channel target depths including insurance depth and appropriate minimal over-dredging allowances.
- Land placement of capital dredge material at the following sites:
 - Northern Sands (an existing void in the Barron River delta created by sand extraction and now used for burial of 'inert' construction and demolition fill and a limited quantity of PASS).
 - East Trinity (a new bunded site or sites within the general East Trinity area).

Other aspects of the CSD Project described in the Draft EIS remain unchanged.

This report is based on a desktop review of available information and addresses the placement of capital dredged material at "Northern Sands" – an existing void in the Barron Delta, see Figure 1. Conceptual placement of dredged materials at Northern Sands would have the following requirements:

- A pumping delivery line along one of the route options shown on Figure 1 including:
 - A pump-out facility.
 - The conceptual design for the pipeline includes 1 m diameter welded steel pipe on the seabed and creek bed where appropriate, and flanged steel section above ground on temporary earth pads. Booster stations will be positioned along the pipeline at various locations (possible locations shown on Figure 1).
- Approximately 1.9 M m³ of dredged material (subject to further investigation) will be pumped into the existing sand pit (and/or possible extension) at Northern Sands with identified PASS spoil placed in the deeper portion of the pit and covered by self-neutralising spoil. PASS will be placed to achieve a final surface at least 1m below the permanent water table. Other self-neutralising spoil will be placed over the PASS and may extend above the permanent water table (subject to final design and approvals). A bund wall may be constructed around the existing sand pit to increase capacity or provide flood immunity.
- Provision for tailwater treatment subject to preliminary concept design.

The aims of this report are to describe the existing soil conditions associated with Northern Sands and to identify:

- Key soils related constraints (and opportunities) to design and construction of the facilities required for placement of the dredged material.
- Potential soils related environmental impacts and mitigation/management measures (to be subject to a future detailed impact assessment).





2.0 DESKTOP ASSESSMENT

2.1 Site Background Information

The Northern Sands site covers an area of about 84 hectares and is located on the Barron River floodplain. The site contains an operating sand pit and is licenced to receive 'inert wastes' and potential acid sulfate soils (PASS), both of which are placed into the excavated pit below the water table. The current sand pit covers an area of about 25 hectares. A possible extension area is located north west of the pits (see Figure 1).

2.2 Topography

Ground surface levels across the Northern Sand site typically range from about 5.5m AHD to 2m AHD. Recent hydrographic survey (July 2016, see Figure 2) of the pit indicates excavation levels typically in the range of -1.5m to -4.5m AHD across the majority of the pit, apart from the southern and eastern portions of the pit where excavation levels range from -6.5m to -14.5m AHD. The Barron River is present immediately south and west of the Northern Sands site.

Pipeline route options are shown on Figure 1 and traverse largely across cane fields, with surface levels at about 4m AHD north of the Captain Cook Highway and then depending upon the route, traverse areas with surface levels dropping to between 1m and 2m AHD before the shoreline.

2.3 Geology

Erosion of the bedrock within the Macalister Ranges has resulted in the formation of the Barron River floodplain that stretches from Trinity Beach in the north to Cairns Airport in the south. The Barron River floodplain is underlain by unconsolidated Quaternary age alluvial deposits of sands, gravels, silts and clays.

Published geological information from *Queensland Digital Geological Map Data 1:100,000 Cairns 8064* series Department of Natural Resources and Mines indicates the Northern Sands site and pipeline route options are dominated by Holocene aged alluvial deposits of silt, mud and sand sediments. The surficial deposits are underlain varying sequences of older sand and clay deposits, underlain by bedrock comprising Silurian/Devonian meta-sediments.

A surficial geological map of the Northern Sands area and the pipeline alignment is shown on Figure 3.

2.4 Soils

The Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation (CSIRO) *Soils of Babinda -Cairns Area, North QLD* 1996 (1:50,000 scale) soils map indicates the presence of one soil unit (Liverpool) across the North Sands site. Soil units along the pipeline routes are summarised below:





Route Identifier	Route Section	Soil Units Present			
	Northern Sands to Thomatis Creek	Liverpool, Brosnan, Hull, then Mangrove			
Aquis	Thomatis Creek to mouth of Thomatis/Richters Creek	Mangrove, Liverpool, Hull, with additional zones of Mangrove and Hull neat the mouth of Thomatis/Richters Creek			
	Northern Sands to Thomatis Creek	Liverpool, Brosnan, Hull, then Mangrove			
Yorkeys	Thomatis Creek to the mouth of Thomatis/Richters Creek	Mangrove			
Machana Dagah	North Sands to about half way to mouth of Barr Creek	Predominantly Liverpool traversing a small section of Mangrove			
Machans Beach	Remainder of the route to mouth of Barr Creek	Hull			

The soil units are shown on Figure 4 and described below:

Unit Name	Typical Origin	Description
Hull	Beach Dune	Deep sandy soils – Tenosols;
Mangrove	Swamps and Intertidal Zone	Saline soils of the intertidal zone.
Liverpool	Alluvium	Well drained soils formed on alluvium, Orthic Tenosol: Dark grey brown silty loams over yellow brown silty loam and silty clay loam to about 0.6m overlying fine sands.
Brosnan	Alluvium	Soils formed on beach ridges, Red Kandosol: Brown sandy loam over yellowish red or red sandy loam to sandy light clay.





2.5 Acid Sulfate Soils

Acid Sulfate Soil (ASS) is a general term applying to both a soil horizon that contains sulfides (i.e. Potential Acid Sulfate Soil - PASS) and an acid soil horizon affected by oxidation of sulfides (i.e. Actual Acid Sulfate Soil - AASS).

The Department of Environment and Resource Management 2009 *Acid Sulfate Soils of Cairns North Queensland* shows the Project area as being mapped at a 1:50,000 scale. An extract of the DERM 2009 soil map covering the project area and showing the interpreted distribution of PASS is reproduced as Figure 5.

Across the Northern Sands site the following conditions are indicated:

- The existing sand pit is mapped as "Disturbed Land likely to contain ASS".
- Surrounding the pit, strongly acidic soil conditions (pH >4.0 to ≤5.0) are indicated from the surface (this does not indicate the presence of ASS). A PASS layer is generally indicated within 4 to 5m of the surface and within 1m to 2m of the surface around the southern and eastern margins of the pit.

Along the pipeline route the following conditions are indicated:

Route Identifier	Route Section
	Between the Captain Cook Highway and Thomatis Creek, strongly acidic soil conditions (pH >4.0 to ≤5.0) are generally indicated from the surface. A PASS layer is generally indicated within 1m to 5m along this section. PASS is present at depths between 1m and the surface at the Thomatis Creek crossing point.
Aquis	West of Thomatis Creek, PASS is again present at depths between 1m and the surface near the bank and then there are strongly acidic soil conditions (pH >4.0 to ≤5.0) are generally indicated from the surface over the majority of the route with a PASS layer is generally indicated within 2m to 4m over most of this route. The last 400-500m of the route prior to the mouth of Thomatis/Richters Creek has PASS present at depths between 1m and the surface.
Yorkeys	■ Between the Captain Cook Highway and Thomatis Creek, strongly acidic soil conditions (pH >4.0 to ≤5.0) are generally indicated from the surface. A PASS layer is generally indicated within 1m to 5m along this section.
Torkeys	 To the mouth of Thomatis/Richters Creek PASS is typically indicated from the surface in the banks and is expected to be present in the creek bed.
	For the first 800m north of the Captain Cook Highway has strongly acidic soil conditions (pH >4.0 to ≤5.0) are generally indicated from the surface. A PASS layer is generally indicated within 0.5m to 2m along this section.
Machans Beach	■ The remainder of the route traverses areas where PASS is indicated within 2.5m to 4 m of the surface until the mouth of Barrs Creek where PASS is indicated within 0.5m of the surface.



2.6 Groundwater

A review of existing groundwater bores (DNRM groundwater database) within 2 km of the sand pit suggests that groundwater is present in two aquifers:

- A shallow, unconfined aquifer with groundwater levels typically between about 1.5m and 4m below the ground surface; and
- A deeper aquifer which is confined/semi-confined by a clay layer. Groundwater levels are typically between 1.2m and 6m below the ground surface (about 4m AHD to -0.8m AHD).

At the Northern Sands site, water levels in the sand pit and groundwater levels (shallow aquifer) in monitoring bores (see Figure 6) is understood to have been collected since about 2005. Water level in the sand pit during the July 2016 hydrographic survey was recorded at 0.5m AHD.

The potential tidal influence from the Barron River is not known at this time.

Water quality data provided by Landline Consulting indicates that water quality within the sand pit is typically:

- Freshwater conditions with electrical conductivity within about 200 to 1000 mS/cm.
- Neutral to alkaline with pH ranging from about 6.3 to 8.

Water quality data provided by Landline Consulting indicates that groundwater quality (shallow aquifer) surrounding the sand pit is typically:

- Freshwater conditions to saline conditions with electrical conductivity within about 200 to 20,000 mS/cm. This large variation in electrical conductivity may be related to seasonal interaction with the Barron River.
- Acidic to neutral with pH ranging from about 5 to 7.5.

A more detailed assessment of groundwater is presented in Golder report 1546233-012-R-Rev0.

2.7 Geotechnical Conditions

Previous subsurface investigations have occurred across the Northern Sands site specifically, and include:

- Borehole investigation carried out by Probin Pty Ltd in 2007, comprising 21 No. boreholes to depths ranging between approximately 15 to 24 m below ground level.
- Borehole investigation carried out by GEO Investigate in 2013, comprising 10 No. boreholes within the
 extent of the existing dredged area (i.e. 'lake'). The boreholes were drilled to depths ranging from 18 to
 30 m below water level.
- Cone Penetration Testing (CPT) carried out by GEO Investigate/GEO Design in July 2016 comprising 30 No. CPT's to depths ranging from approximately 8 to 24 m below ground level.

Cross sections of inferred subsurface conditions (locations shown on Figure 6) are presented in Figures 7A and 7B. Interpreted logs from the Queensland Government Registered Groundwater Bores Database have also been included to provide information on conditions in proximity to the site. Interpreted logs utilised in the cross sections are presented in Appendix A.

The identified soil conditions within the site were broadly consistent with published geology and soil units and the typical profile encountered includes:

- Sandy silty clay (typically above 0 m AHD): medium plasticity, approximately 0.5 to 3 m thick, brown to brown-grey; overlying
- Upper sand/gravelly sand (broadly between 3 m AHD to -5 m AHD): inferred loose to medium dense, fine to coarse grained, grey and brown; overlying
- Silty clay (broadly between -5 m AHD to -15 m AHD): medium to high plasticity, brown, grey and dark grey; overlying



 Lower sand/ gravelly sand (broadly between -10 m AHD to -25 m AHD): inferred loose to medium dense, grey and brown, with occasional coarse gravel and cobbles.

Variations occur in the thickness and sequence of each unit across the area and minor layers of sand/clay commonly occur within each unit, characteristic of an alluvial floodplain deposit. The sand/clay sequence tends to be shallower towards the south of the site.

Groundwater bore RN139211 located immediately north-west of the site on the opposite side of the Barron River extends to 66 m depth. This borehole record indicates a continuation of interbedded sand and clay layers to a depth of 62 m where weathered rock was encountered.

3.0 CONSTRAINTS AND OPPORTUNITIES

3.1 Opportunities

Opportunities related to the disposal of dredged spoil at Northern Sands are as follows:

- The existing pit may be able to accommodate all of the dredged spoil in a single stage of dredging or several stages of dredging. Failing this, expansion to the north-west may be feasible.
- Placement of dredged spoil in the sand pit, below the permanent water table and covered by selfneutralising spoil, negates the need for treatment of PASS in the dredged spoil.

3.2 Constraints

3.2.1 Construction

Constraints related to construction that may be required for the dredged spoil disposal are as follows:

- Some of the near surface soils around the existing sand pit are expected to be generally clayey in nature, however they may not be suitable for construction of embankments/bunds or channels for management of tailwaters, if required.
- The size and/or location of bunding around the existing sand pit may be constrained by stability issues.
- Some areas along the alignment of the delivery pipeline comprise soft clays at or near the surface. The
 presence of these soils may make access difficult for heavy machinery if required

3.2.2 Insitu ASS Materials

Constraints related to insitu ASS materials are as follows:

- Unless the sand pit is significantly expanded to accommodate dredge spoil, insitu ASS materials are unlikely to be disturbed. Any excavations to depths greater than 1m in the areas south and east of the sand pit may disturb/encounter ASS materials that have the potential to generate acid if not managed appropriately via lime treatment, or immediate placement back below the water table (PASS only). Confirmation sampling of these areas will be required.
- In the possible pit expansion area (northwest of existing pit) PASS may be present in sands below about 4m to 5m from the surface. Deeper soft dark grey clay deposits exhibit characteristics typically expected to be PASS.
- If no significant excavations are carried out along the pipeline route, ASS materials are unlikely to be disturbed. If staging ponds or excavations are proposed near Thomatis Creek or Barr Creek, confirmation sampling of these areas will be required.
- Booster Pump #2 under the Yorkeys and Aquis pipeline route options are located in or close to areas mapped with PASS present within 0.5m of the surface. The locations may need to be reviewed.
- Dewatering of excavations may expose in-situ PASS materials and result in release of acid. If required, such dewatering activities would need to be managed.
- Although unlikely, lowering of the sand pit water level may expose in-situ PASS materials and result in release of acid. Lowering of water levels within the sand pit to such levels would need to be avoided.



3.2.3 Dredge Spoil Materials

Constraints related to dredged spoil materials are as follows:

- The proposed dredging operation will use a combination of mechanical and hydraulic excavation processes, with the end result being that the dredged material is a slurry mixture of soil and saltwater. Some of the materials to be dredged have been confirmed as PASS. If terrestrial spills occur during the pumping of slurry this will need to be assumed to be PASS and will need to be contained, collected and treated as such.
- Parts of the site surrounding the sand pit may be needed for construction of ponds/channels to manage tailwater quality prior to discharge from the site. Suitable land areas may not be available.

4.0 POTENTIAL IMPACTS

4.1 ASS Material

4.1.1 Potential Level of Risk

Given the volume of dredged spoil to be placed, management of existing and potential acidity would be classified as XH (extra high level) treatment as per the Soil Management Guidelines V4 (Dear et al. 2014) - Table 4.2. As such, the Guidelines require that a comprehensive environmental management plan must be formulated including detailed closure reporting and handover testing procedures. This plan should also provide for ongoing management and monitoring of the effects of the disturbance/placement of ASS during and after disposal of dredged spoil into the sand pit.

4.1.2 Potential Impacts Associated with ASS

4.1.2.1 General

When ASS is exposed to oxygen as a result of disturbance (via excavation or displacement) or drainage (via dewatering or other means), pyrite can oxidise and forms sulfuric acid ASS when combined with water. Sulfuric acid can leach out of these affected soils and strip metals (including iron, aluminum and heavy metals) from the surrounding soils. Acidic and metals impacted water can migrate into surface waters and groundwater.

These processes can lead to degradation of terrestrial vegetation through:

- Stunting of root growth;
- Increased toxicity from higher concentrations of aluminum, iron and manganese;
- Reduced plant minerals and nutrients; and
- Reduced resistance to pathogen attack.

Longer term impacts may include species die off and changes to vegetation cover (domination by more acid tolerant species).

The discharge of acidic water to aquatic environments (especially estuarine) may cause the following impacts:

- Increased acidity and increased iron and aluminum concentrations may be toxic to some aquatic organisms and may cause fish diseases (eg. Red spot).
- Iron and aluminum precipitates can affect water quality and coat stream banks, benthic (sediment-dwelling) organisms and aquatic vegetation.
- Aquatic vegetation communities may change to become dominated by acid tolerant species.
- Deoxygenated water may also result from the secondary oxidation of the Fe2+ consuming oxygen and lowering the level of dissolved oxygen in surface waters.

Acidified waters can also weaken concrete and steel infrastructure such as culverts, pipes and piles.





4.1.2.2 Oxygenation of Dredged Spoil

When left undisturbed and submerged in an anoxic environment, pyrite (in acid sulfate soil) is chemically inert. Pyrite oxidizes in the presence of oxygen and hydrogen to form sulfuric acid. There are a number of variables affecting the oxidation of pyrite, and the reactions are complex although the rate at which pyrite is oxidised tends to be closely linked with pH, with oxidation increasing as pH decreases, and is usually only limited by the rate of supply of oxygen.

There is a potential for aeration (introduction of oxygen) into dredged PASS materials during pumping and discharge into the sand pit. Whilst PASS remains saturated, the available supply of oxygen is significantly lower (typically 9 ppm) compared to PASS excavated and allowed to dry, where an almost infinite supply of atmospheric oxygen at relatively high concentrations (21%) is available.

In dynamic conditions such as dredging and pumping, the oxygen is principally delivered via advection to suspended soil particles. The risk of acid generation is variable and dependent upon the rate and duration of suspension. The relatively stable pH of seawater results in a slow rate of pyrite oxidation and the greatest risk of acid generation is associated with suspended or resuspended sediments. Seawater contains the major buffering constituents - bicarbonate and carbonate in solution so minor acid generated is neutralised almost instantaneously. At the sand pit, the majority of the dredged spoil will settle to the floor of the pit and return to an anoxic, reducing stable state presenting minimal risk to the environment.

Where identified PASS spoils are placed in deeper sections of the pit and covered by self-neutralising spoil the risk of remobilising and re-oxygenating is very low.

4.2 Geotechnical

Potential geotechnical impacts resulting from construction and operation of the dredged material deposition process include the following:

- Settlement and/or failure of pipeline support foundations, possibly resulting in burst or leaking pipelines.
- Seepage through containment bund walls (if proposed) or tailwater pond channel walls as a result of dispersive soil properties, possibly resulting in a breach of these walls.
- Instability of bund walls (if proposed for additional containment) surrounding the sand pit as a result of siting too close to the pit or over-steep profiles, possibly resulting in release of water and spoil.
- Instability of tailwater pond channel walls as a result of over-steep profiles, possibly resulting in overtopping of channels and release of water.

It is noted that all of the above impacts are likely to be able mitigated by appropriate geotechnical investigation and design.





5.0 REFERENCES

Queensland Digital Geological Map Data 1:100,000 Cairns 8064 series Department of Natural Resources and Mines

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Manders J.A. O'Brien L.E. Morrison DW (2009). *Acid Sulfate Soils of Cairns, North Queensland* Department of Environment and Resource Management, Indooroopilly, Queensland, Australia.

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6.0 IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Your attention is drawn to the document - "Important Information", which is included as an attachment to this report. The statements presented in this document are intended to advise you of what your realistic expectations of this report should be. The document is not intended to reduce the level of responsibility accepted by Golder Associates, but rather to ensure that all parties who may rely on this report are aware of the responsibilities each assumes in so doing.

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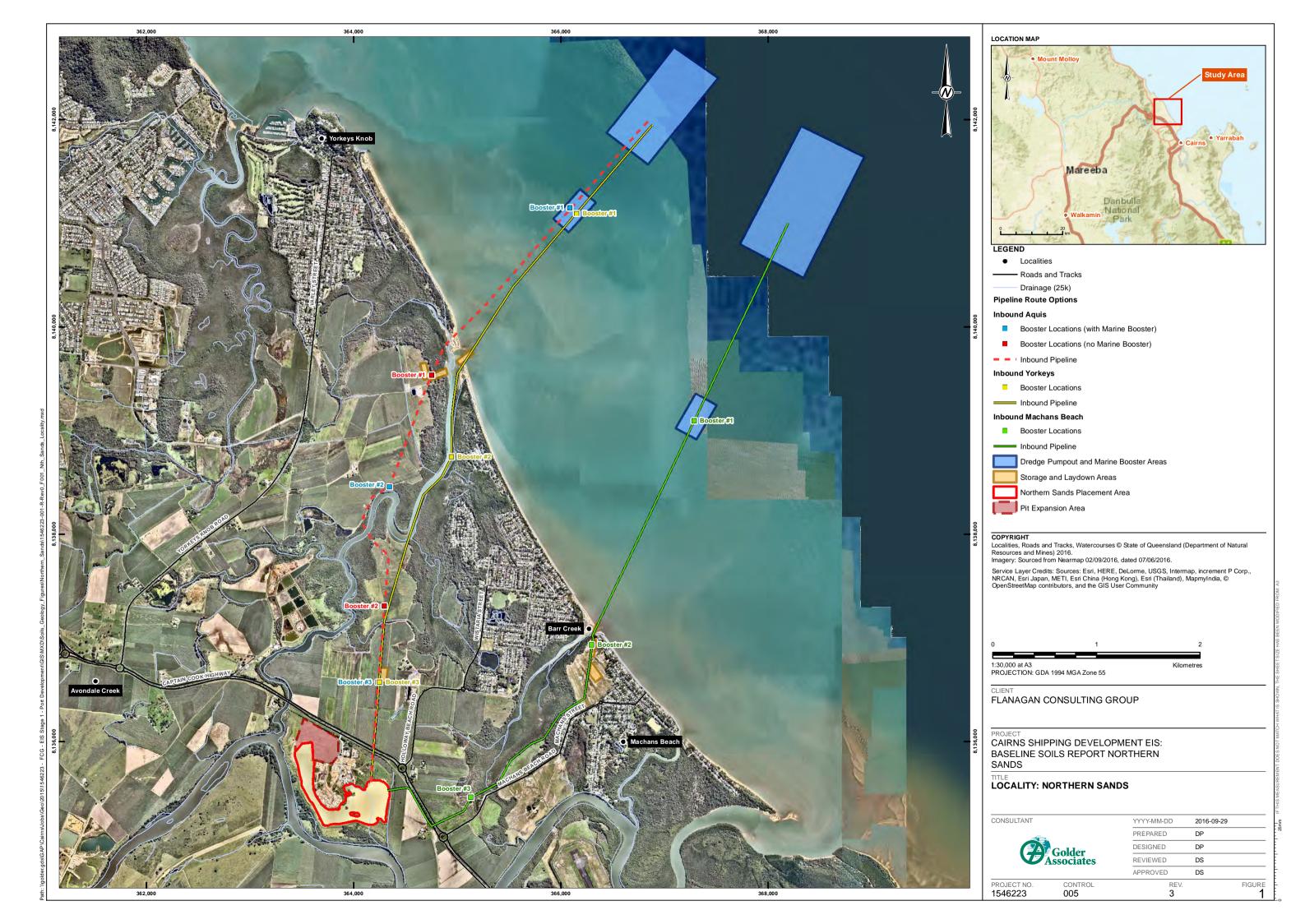
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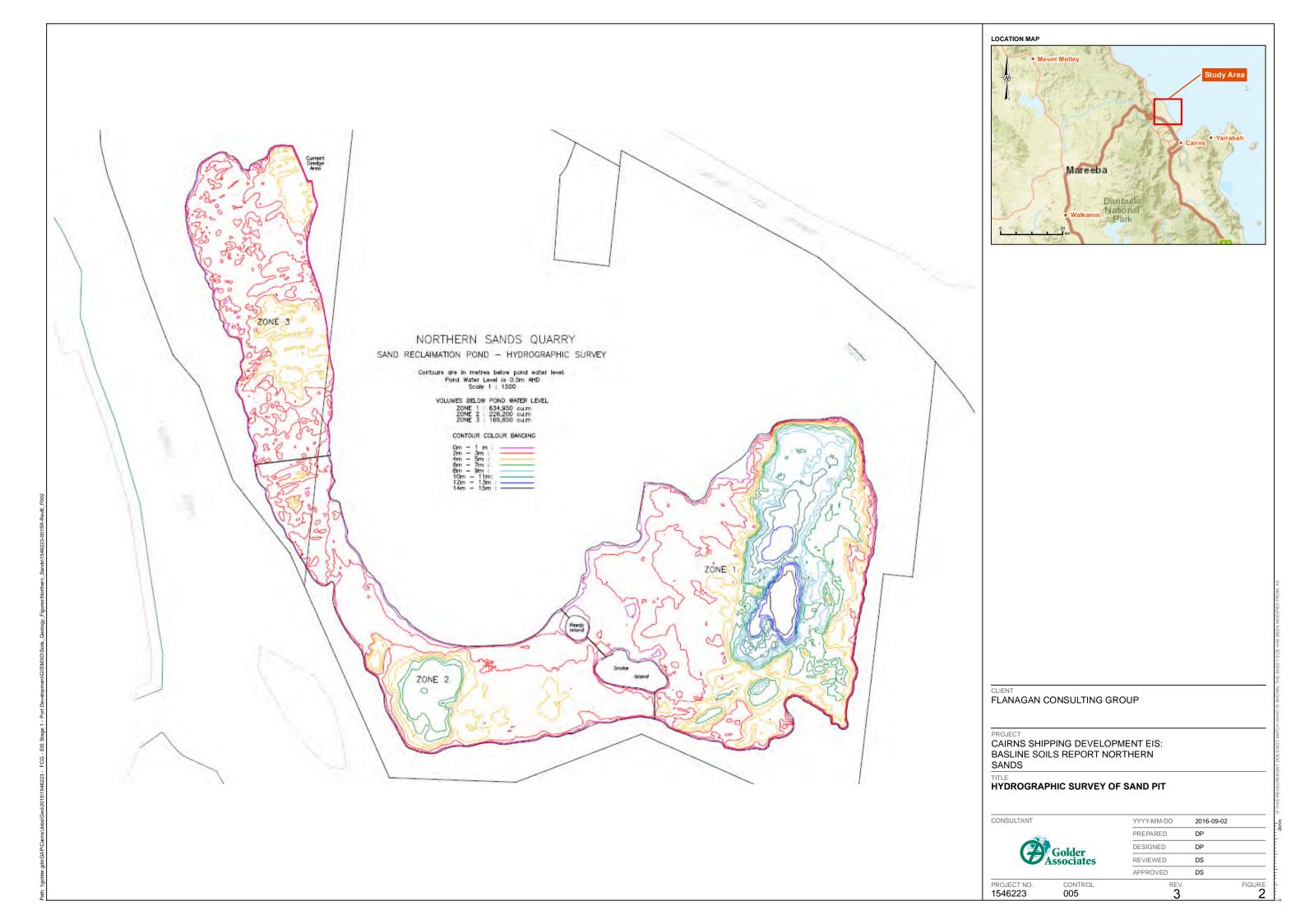
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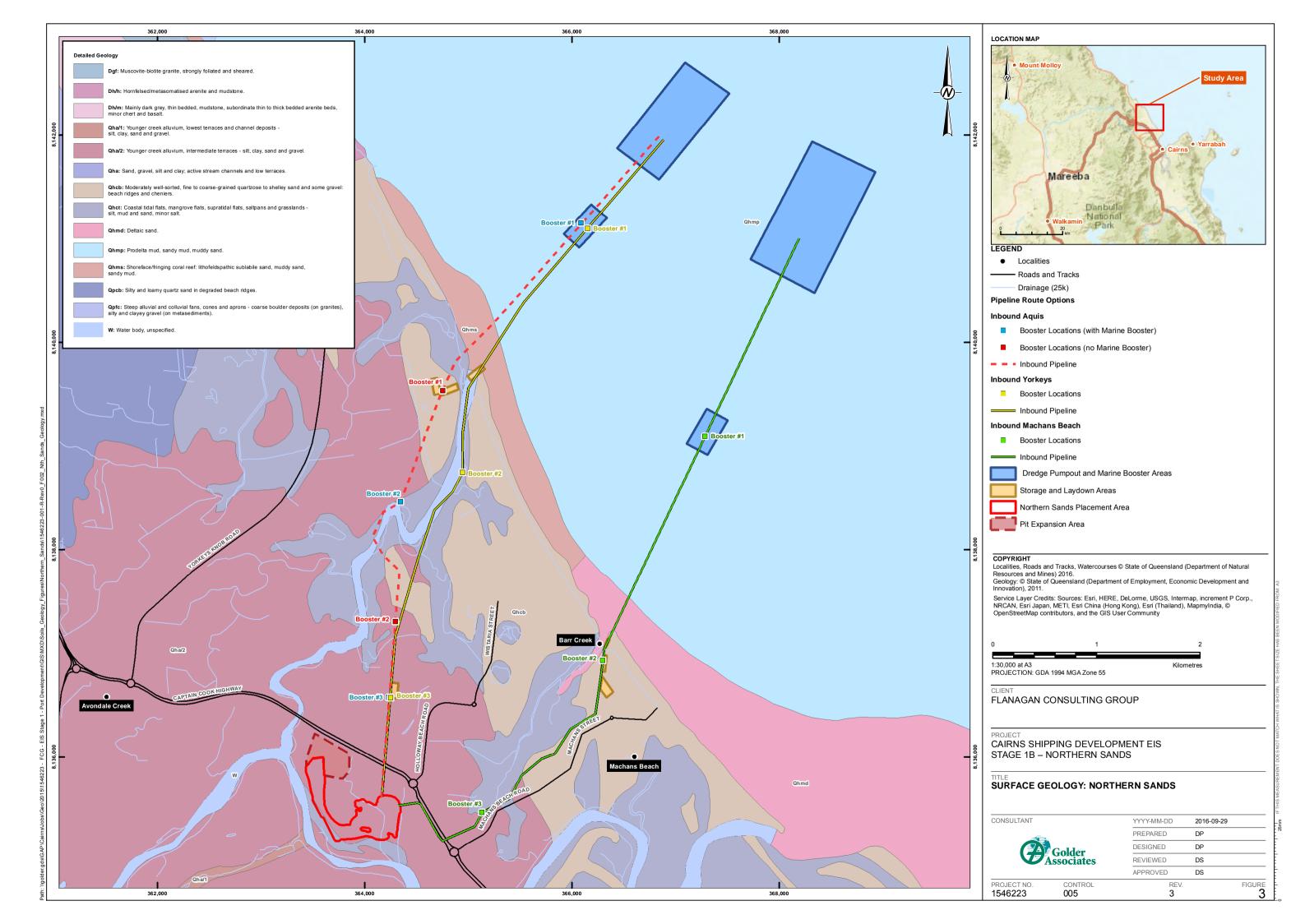
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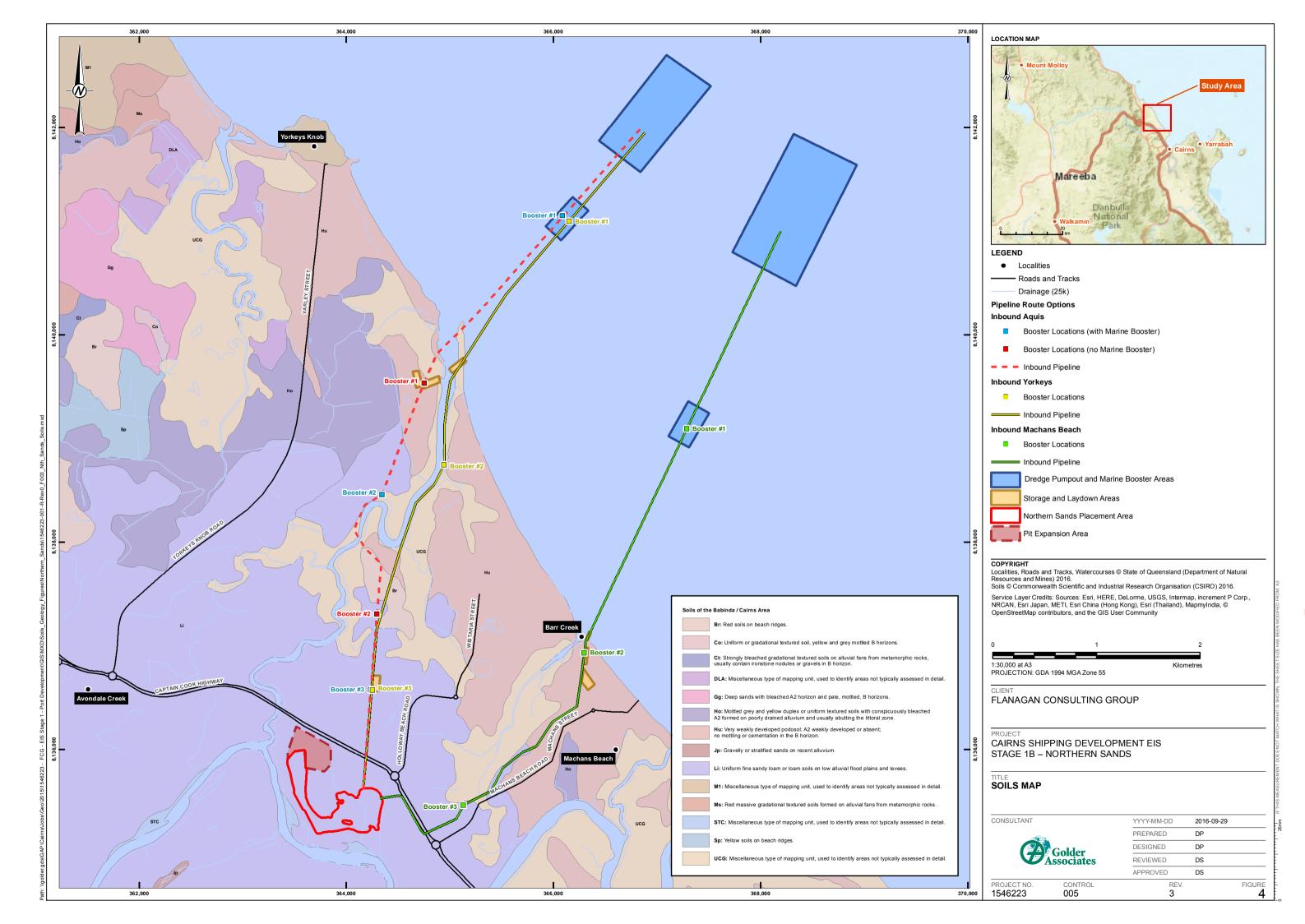
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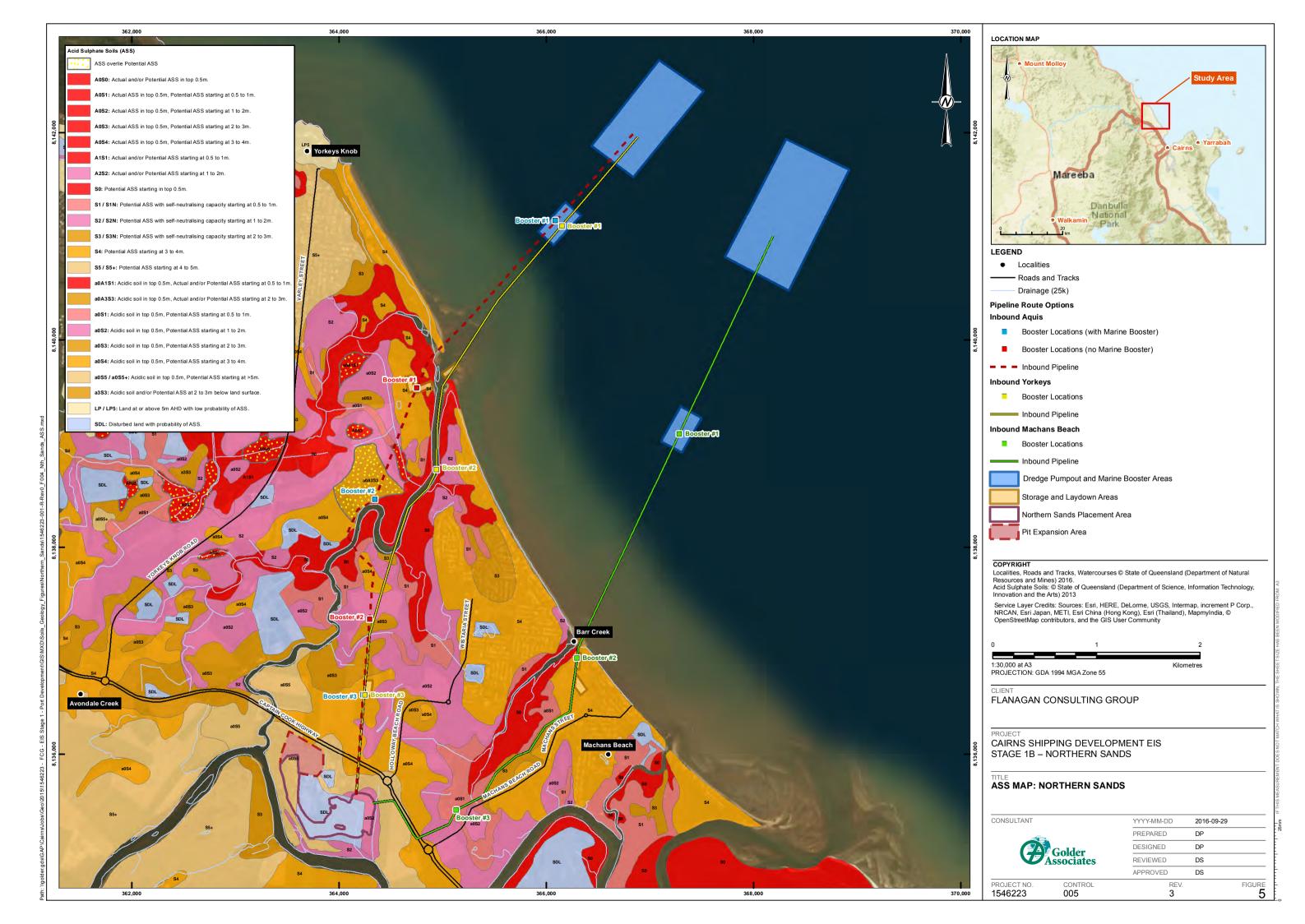


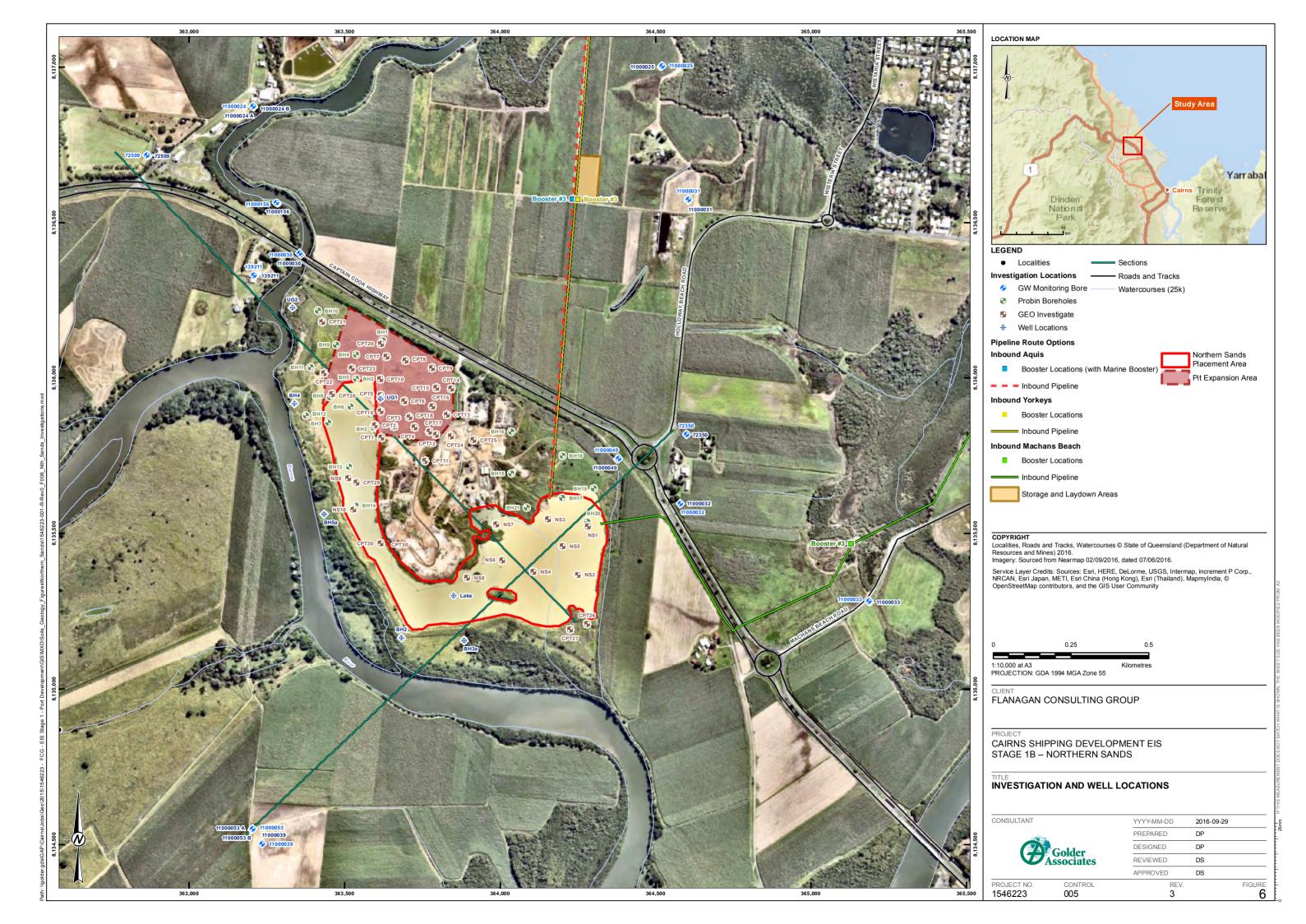


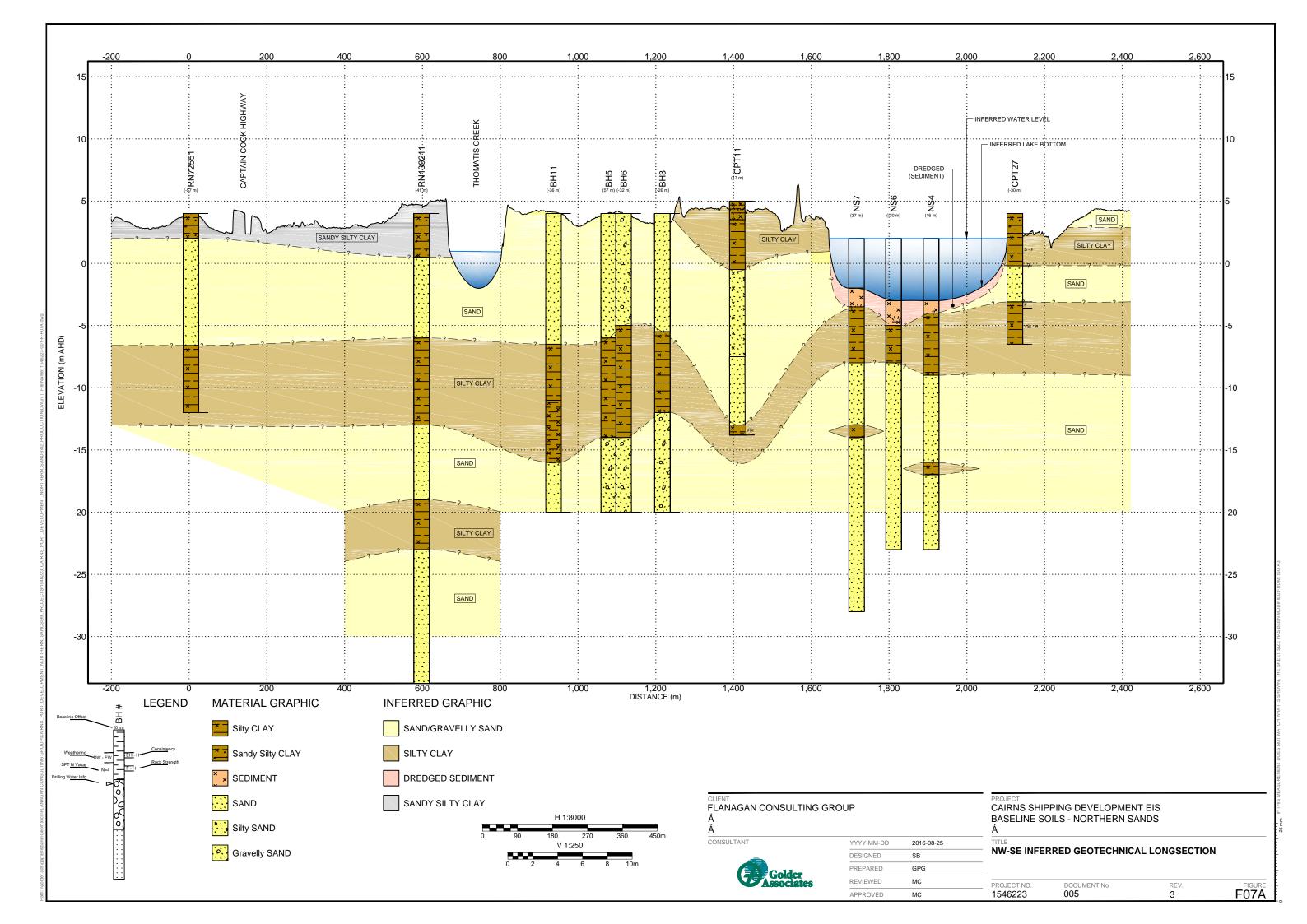


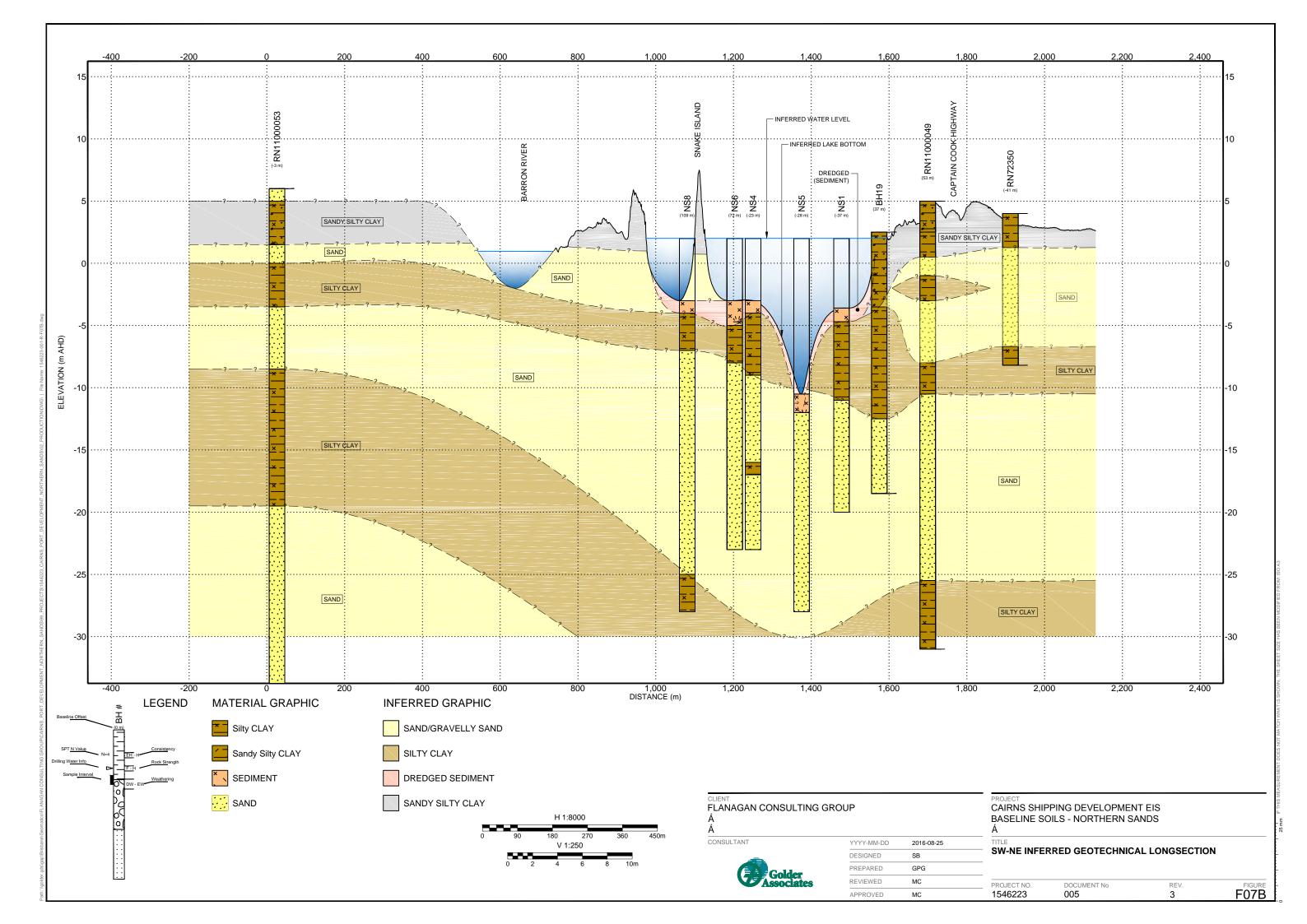














APPENDIX A

Historical Borelogs and QLD Registered Groundwater Bores





CLIENT:

JOB NO:

Drilling

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: BH3

SHEET: 1 OF 1

DRILL RIG:

CHECKED:

COORDS: 363593.0 m E 8135841.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 LOGGED: SRF DATE:

DATE:

Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 24.00 m

Sampling

Field Material Description

METHOD	PENETRATION	MATER WATER	DEPTH (metres)	DEPTH RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
			5	5.00				SW	SAND fine to coarse grained, brown/grey				
016 13:28 8.30.004 Datgel Tools				9.50			× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	СН	Silty CLAY medium to high plasticity, brown/grey				
0.0 LB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN NW-SE.GPJ < <drawingfile>> 22/08/2016 13:28 8:30.004 Datgel Tools</drawingfile>			20	16.00				SW	Gravelly SAND fine to coarse grained, grey				
0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED I			25 —	-19.00	his report of borobols	mı	<u>.</u> b	ad i	END OF BOREHOLE @ 24.00 m	It ha	s hoo	n prepared for	_



SHEET: 1 OF 1

DRILL RIG:

CHECKED:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 363556.0 m E 8135998.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 LOGGED: SRF DATE:

DATE:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development LOCATION: Northern Sands

1546223

JOB NO:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 24.00 m

Drilling Sampling **Field Material Description** MOISTURE CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY **USCS SYMBOL** RECOVERED STRUCTURE AND SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST GRAPHIC LOG SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS WATER DEPTH (metres) DEPTH RL 5.00 SAND fine to coarse grained, brown/grey 10 Silty CLAY high plasticity, brown/grey, some sand GAP 8 10.0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN NW-SE.GPJ <-DrawingFile>> 22/08/2016 13:28 8:30.004 Datgel Tools 15 SW Gravelly SAND fine to coarse grained, grey 20 -19.00 END OF BOREHOLE @ 24.00 m 25



SHEET: 1 OF 1

DRILL RIG:

CHECKED:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development COORDS: 363519.0 m E 8135908.0 m N MGA94 56

LOCATION: Northern Sands 1546223

JOB NO:

SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD INCLINATION: -90°

HOLE DEPTH: 24.00 m

CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 LOGGED: SRF DATE:

DATE:

Sampling	JOB NO: 1546223		DLE DEPTH: 24.00 m	CHECKED:	DATE:
Solution			Field Material I		
Second Salay CLAY Salay Clay Clay Clay Clay Clay Clay Clay		RECCOVERED ASA PHIC LOG USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY OB STE	UCTURE AND DDITIONAL SERVATIONS
18.00 -13.00 -13.00 20— 20— -19.00 -1	5.00 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		fine to coarse grained, brown/grey		
-19.00 END OF BOREHOLE @ 24.00 m	20—				
			END OF BOREHOLE @ 24.00 m		



Drilling

CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: BH11

SHEET: 1 OF 1

DRILL RIG:

CHECKED:

Field Material Description

COORDS: 363390.0 m E 8136034.0 m N MGA94 56

CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 LOGGED: SRF

DATE: DATE:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

Flanagan Consulting Group

SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 24.00 m

Sampling

L	_		Driii	iing		Sampling	_			Field Material Desc				_
C		PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
Tools				5 —	5.00 -5.50			* × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	SP	SAND medium to coarse grained, brown/grey Silty CLAY high plasticity, grey/brown, with some organic material				
< <drawingfile>> 22/08/2016 13:28 8.30.004 Datgel Tools</drawingfile>				- 15 — - -	<i>15.00</i> -10.00			× × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × × ×	МН	Clayey SILT grey, high liquid limit				
.0 LIB.GLB LOG GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN NW-SE.GPJ <				20 —	<i>20.00</i> -15.00			^ x	SP	SAND coarse grained, grey	_			-
SLB Log GAP NON-COREU				25 —	-19.00			• • •		END OF BOREHOLE @ 24.00 m				
OLIB.G					т	his report of horehole	mus	et he re	oad ir	a conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations	lt ha	es hoor	a propaged for	\exists



Flanagan Consulting Group

CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: BH19

SHEET: 1 OF 2

COORDS: 364301.0 m E 8135644.0 m N MGA94 56 DRILL RIG:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 SURFACE RL: 2.50 m DATUM: AHD LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED: SRF DATE: 1546223 JOB NO: DATE: HOLE DEPTH: 21.00 m CHECKED:

SAMPLE OR PIELD TEST UP A DEPTH RILD TEST UP A DEPT	Orilling Sampling Field Material Description	
Sandy Sitly CLAY medium plasticity, brown/grey 4 - 6 - 6.00 - 3.50 - Sitly CLAY medium to high plasticity, brown	CONDITION CONDITION	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
This report of borehole must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination. Any references to potential contamination are for information only and do not necessarily indicate the presence or absence of soil or groundwater contamination.	Sandy Sany CLAY medium plasticity, brownigrey 5	



CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: BH19

SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

Flanagan Consulting Group

COORDS: 364301.0 m E 8135644.0 m N MGA94 56 SURFACE RL: 2.50 m DATUM: AHD

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° 15/6223 HOLE DEPTH: 21 00 m CONTRACTOR: Probin Pty Ltd 2007 LOGGED: SRF DATE:

	z		lling		Sampling			7	Field Material Descri			
	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			20 —						SAND fine to coarse grained, grey, cemented layer encounted at 21.0m. Refusal of drilling method			
			-	-18.50					END OF BOREHOLE @ 21.00 m			
			22 —									
			-									
			-									
			24 —									
			-									
			26 —									
			-									
			-									
			28 —									
			-									
			-									
			30 —									
			-									
			32 —									
			-									
			-									
			34 —									
			-									
			- 36 —									
			-									
			-									
			38—									
			-									
			-									
-			40—					L	n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations.			



COORDS: 362864.0 m E 8136717.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

SHEET: 1 OF 1 DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

LOCATION: Northern Sands

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling LOGGED: DATE:

INCLINATION: -90° 1546223 JOB NO: HOLE DEPTH: 11.00 m

DATE: CHECKED:

F		Dri	lling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	riptio	n	
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE		DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL			CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			0	3.00			X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X		TOPSOIL Clayey SILT brown SAND & GRAVEL MUD SAND course			
GAP 8_10.0 LB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1548223 FLANAGAN NW-SE GPJ < <drawningfile>> 22/08/2018 13:28 8:30.004 Datgel Tools</drawningfile>			10 —	10.00					MUD END OF BOREHOLE @ 11.00 m			
				T	his report of borehole echnical purposes on information only is	: mu	st be re	ead ii	n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. In the same appropriate to assess possible contamination. Any references to pot sesarily indicate the presence or absence of soil or groundwa	t has	s bee	n prepared for tamination are for mination. GAP gINT FN. F0' RI



SHEET: 1 OF 1 DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

COORDS: 362722.0 m E 8136685.0 m N MGA94 56

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling LOGGED:

DATE: DATE:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development LOCATION: Northern Sands

1546223

JOB NO:

Flanagan Consulting Group

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD INCLINATION: -90°

HOLE DEPTH: 16.00 m

CHECKED:

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Des			Г
METHOD	PENETRATION	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			0	0.40					TOPSOIL			
							÷ :: ;		Clayey SAND fine (LOAM)			
			-									
			2-	2.00			÷					
			-				000		GRAVEL fine to coase sand			
			-				000					
			-				000					
			4 —				0 0					
			-	4.50			00		SAND & GRAVEL	-		
			-				0 0		fine to coarse grey sand, with layers of mud			
			-				0 /					
			6 —				. 0					
			-				. 0/					
			-				0000					
			8 —				0/					
			-				000					
			-				0000					
			-				0/					
			10 —				000					
			-	10.60			00		MUD	-		
			-						WOD			
			-									
			12 —									
			-	-								
			-									
			14 —									
			-									
			-									
			-									
+			—16—						END OF BOREHOLE @ 16.00 m	+		
			-						_			
			-									
			-									
			18 —									
			-									
			-									
	- 1		-	1							1	



COORDS: 363207.0 m E 8136330.0 m N MGA94 56

SHEET: 1 OF 4 DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

LOGGED:

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling DATE:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development LOCATION: Northern Sands 1546223

JOB NO:

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD INCLINATION: -90°

HOLE DEPTH: 66.00 m

CHECKED: DATE:

Drilling Sampling Field Material Description	
2— 3.50 SAND & GRAVEL grey/brown, 1-6mm Grey/brown, 1-6mm	
2— 3.50 4— 3.60 4— 3.60 5 AND & GRAVEL grey/brown, 1-6mm 3.60 6 A GRAVEL grey/brown, 1-6mm	ND NS
10	



SHEET: 2 OF 4
DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

COORDS: 363207.0 m E 8136330.0 m N MGA94 56 SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling LOGGED: DATE:

LOCATION: Northern Sands

1546223

JOB NO:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 66.00 m

CHECKED: DATE:

Drilli	ng		Sampling				Field Material Des			
		<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
	20 —						SAND & GRAVEL			
	22—	23.00					grey			
	=	20.00					MUD dark gray			
	-						uaik giey			
	24 —									
	-									
	-									
	26 —									
	-	07.00								
	_	27.00			°0		SAND & GRAVEL	1		
	-				0 4		grey			
	28 —				0 4					
	-				0 4					
					0					
					00					
	30 —				°o					
	-				00					
	-				0 4					
	-				0 <					
	32 —				0 /					
	_				0					
	-	33.00			°					
	-				- 0		Clayed SAND & GRAVEL yellow			
	34 —				- 00					
	J -				- 0					
	-				- 0					
	-				- 0 4					
	-				- 0 <					
	30 —				0 4					
	-									
	-				00					
	-				-00					
- 1	38 —				_ 0					
				1	. 0	1		- 1		
	-				- %					
	-				- 00					
		20 —	20 DEPTH RL 22 - 23.00 24 - 27.00 28 - 33.00 30 - 33.00 34 - 33.00	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST 20 22 23.00 24 27.00 28 30 30 33.00 34 34 33.00 34 34 34 33.00	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST 20 22 23.00 24 27.00 28 30 30 31 33.00 34 34 33.00 34 34 34 34 34 34	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST 20 22 23.00 24 27.00 28 33.00 34 33.00 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST DEPTH RL SAMPLE OR SAMPLE	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	A	Nample or Field Test 198

This report of borehole must be read in conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. It has been prepared for geotechnical purposes only, without attempt to assess possible contamination. Any references to potential contamination are for information only and do not necessarily indicate the presence or absence of soil or groundwater contamination.

GAP gINT FN. F01a



COORDS: 363207.0 m E 8136330.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

SHEET: 3 OF 4 DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling

LOCATION: Northern Sands

LOGGED: DATE:

INCLINATION: -90° JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 66.00 m

DATE: CHECKED:

												=
		Dril	ling		Sampling			Field Material Desc				
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	GRAPHIC	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
			40 — - -			0	0	Clayed SAND & GRAVEL yellow				
			42 — - -			- 40 - 40	2000					-
			44 —			- 4	10000					-
			46 —			0	202020					-
			48—	47.00			0	MUD dark grey				-
			50—	48.90		0	0 4	grey and yellow claybound SAND & GRAVEL				
			- - -				0 4 0 4 0 4					
			52 — - -				0 4 0 4					
			54 — - -			0	0 10 1					
			56 — -	56.00		× -	0 2 0 -×	Silty CLAY grey/yellow				
			- 58 —			× × - × - ×	× -× -×					
			60 —			× -	×					



Flanagan Consulting Group

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: RN72350

SHEET: 1 OF 1 DRILL RIG: Rotary Rig

SURFACE RL: 4.00 m DATUM: AHD CONTRACTOR:

LOCATION: Northern Sands DATE: 18/3/86 INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED: JOB NO: 1546223 DATE: HOLE DEPTH: 12.19 m CHECKED:

COORDS: 364600.0 m E 8135819.0 m N MGA94 56

		<u> </u>	II:		0"				F1 11 11 4 1 1 5	-i		
	Z	_	ling		Sampling			7	Field Material Desc	•		
MELHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
ĺ			0	4.00			× >		Sandy Silty CLAY brown			
			-				×					
			-				× -0					
			2—	1.83 2.17			× -		Sandy CLAY	+		
			-	2.74			×		brown			
			-	1.26					SAND yellow, fine			
			-									
			4 —	4.27 -0.27					SAND	-		
			-	-0.88					white, fine SAND			
			-						course, sand & wash			
			6 —									
			-									
			-									
			8—									
			-									
			-									
			- 10 —									
			-	10.67								
			-	10.97 -6.97			× —		MUD Mangrove mud			
			=	11.58 -7.58			——> ——>		CLAY grey, hard			
			12 —	-8.19			——×		CLAY SHALE hard	_		
			-						END OF BOREHOLE @ 12.19 m			
			-									
			14 —									
			-									
			-									
			- 16 —									
			-									
			-									
			-									
			18 —									
			-									
			-									
			20 —									



COORDS: 363207.0 m E 8136330.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

SHEET: 4 OF 4 DRILL RIG: Rotary/Mud

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

Flanagan Consulting Group

CONTRACTOR: Ingham Drilling

CHECKED:

Field Material Description

LOCATION: Northern Sands

CLIENT:

LOGGED:

DATE: DATE:

INCLINATION: -90° JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 66.00 m Campling

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	ripti	on		
МЕТНОБ	PENETRATION	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
			60 — -				×		Silty CLAY grey/yellow				-
			62 —	62.00			× -×		SLATE dark grey				-
			- - 64 —										-
			- - -										-
L			66 						END OF BOREHOLE @ 66.00 m				_
			-										
			- 68 —										_
Jargel Lools			- - - 70 —										-
13:29 8:30:004 1			-										-
102/00/2010 102/00/2010			72 —										-
- A DI awiligh			-										-
AN INVEGE CE			74 — - -										-
D40223 FLAINAG			- 76 —										_
J POEL PAGE			-										
ULISIGLB LOG GAP NON-COKEU FULL PAGE 1946223 FLANAGAN NW-SE.GFJ <			78 — -										
-Bere rog o			- - 80 —										



Flanagan Consulting Group

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: RN11000049

SHEET: 1 OF 2

DRILL RIG: Bourne 1500R Rotary Rig

CONTRACTOR:

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED: DATE: 21/10/81

JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 36.00 m CHECKED: DATE:

| Drilling | Sampling | Field Material Description | CHECKED: DATE: | CHECKED: | CHECKED: DATE: | CHECKED: | CHECKE

SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD

COORDS: 364381.0 m E 8135741.0 m N MGA94 56

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	cripti	ion		_
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	$\overline{}$	DEPTH (metres)	DEPTH RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONDITION	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
			—-0— -	5.00			× -		Sandy Silty CLAY dark brown	Ī	T		Ī
			-				×		dalk blown				
			-				× - 0						
			2-				X						
			-	2.50 2.50			<u>~</u> ~		Sandy CLAY	-			
			-				×		yellow/brown				
			-				×						
			4 —	4.50 0.50			×						
			=	0.50					Clayey SAND fine grained				
			-										
			6 —	-1.00			× —		Sandy CLAY multi-coloured	1			
			=				<u>×</u>		muit-coloured				
			-										
			8—	8.00 -3.00					SAND				
			-						fine to coarse grained				
			-	10.00									
			10 —	-5.00					Gravelly SAND medium to coarse grained				
			-										
			-										
			12 —										
			-	13.00									
			=	-8.00			× —×		CLAY mid grey				
			14 —				×						
			-				X						
			-	15 50			× -×						
			- 16 —	15.50 -10.50					GRAVEL fine to medium, sandy, some clay layers				
			-										
			-										
			-										
			18 —										
			-										
			-										
		Ш	20 —						n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations.				-



SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG: Bourne 1500R Rotary Rig

CONTRACTOR:

LOGGED: DATE: 21/10/81

CHECKED: DATE:

COORDS: 364381.0 m E 8135741.0 m N MGA94 56 CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 5.00 m DATUM: AHD

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° JOB NO:

1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 36.00 m

Drilling Sampling **Field Material Description** MOISTURE CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY USCS SYMBOL RECOVERED STRUCTURE AND SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST GRAPHIC LOG SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS WATER DEPTH (metres) DEPTH RL 20 GRAVEL fine to medium, sandy, some clay layers 22 26 28 GAP 8.10.0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN SW-NE.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/09/2016 17:40 8.30.004 Datgel Tools 30 CLAY yellow/brown 32 36 -31.00 END OF BOREHOLE @ 36.00 m 38



Drilling

10

12

16

18

18.00 -12.00

Flanagan Consulting Group

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

CLIENT:

GAP 8 10.0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN SW-NE.GPJ <-DrawingFile>> 02/09/2016 17:40 8:30.004 Datgel Tools

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: RN11000053

SHEET: 1 OF 3

DRILL RIG: Bourne 1500R Rotary Rig

CONTRACTOR:

CHECKED:

Field Material Description

LOGGED: DATE: 30/10/81

DATE:

COORDS: 363204.0 m E 8134550.0 m N MGA94 56 SURFACE RL: 6.00 m DATUM: AHD

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90°

Sampling

JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 42.00 m

MOISTURE CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY USCS SYMBOL RECOVERED STRUCTURE AND SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS

GRAPHIC LOG WATER DEPTH (metres) DEPTH RL 6.00 SAND fine to coarse grained Sandy Silty CLAY very sandy in part, dark brown & grey

SAND fine to coarse grained

Sandy CLAY grey/brown

Gravelly SAND fine to coarse grained

Sandy CLAY grey/brown

CLAY dark & light grey & brown



SHEET: 2 OF 3

DRILL RIG: Bourne 1500R Rotary Rig

CONTRACTOR:

DATE: 30/10/81

LOGGED:

COORDS: 363204.0 m E 8134550.0 m N MGA94 56 CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 6.00 m DATUM: AHD

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90°

JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 42.00 m CHECKED: DATE:

Drilling Sampling **Field Material Description** MOISTURE CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY USCS SYMBOL RECOVERED STRUCTURE AND SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST GRAPHIC LOG SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS WATER DEPTH (metres) DEPTH RL 20 CLAY dark & light grey & brown 22 22.50 -16.50 Sandy CLAY grey/brown Sandy GRAVEL fine to medium grained 26 28 GAP 8.10.0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN SW-NE.GPJ <<DrawingFile>> 02/09/2016 17:40 8.30.004 Datgel Tools 30 32 34 36 38



PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: RN11000053

SHEET: 3 OF 3 COORDS: 363204.0 m E 8134550.0 m N MGA94 56

DRILL RIG: Bourne 1500R Rotary Rig

CONTRACTOR:

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material De	escriptio	n		
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	_	DEPTH (metres)	DEPTH RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
			40						Sandy GRAVEL fine to medium grained				
			- 42 -	-36.00					END OF BOREHOLE @ 42.00 m				_
			- - 44 —										
			- - -										
			46 —										
			48 —										
			-										
			50 — -										
			52 —	-									
			-										
			54 —	-									
			- 56 —										
			-										
			58 —										

SURFACE RL: 6.00 m DATUM: AHD



SHEET: 1 OF 2

LOGGED: SRF

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 364282.0 m E 8135523.0 m N MGA94 56
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOCATION: Northern Sands

1546223

JOB NO:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 22.00 m

CHECKED: DATE:

DATE: 13/5/13



SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 364282.0 m E 8135523.0 m N MGA94 56 PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate DATE: 13/5/13 LOGGED: SRF

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO:

1546223

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 22.00 m

DATE: CHECKED:

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc			
МЕТНОВ	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			20 —						SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND			
			- - - 22 -	-20.00					END OF BOREHOLE @ 22.00 m			_
			24 — -									
			26 — -									
			- 28 — - -									
			- 30 — - -									
			32 — - -									
			- 34 — - -									
			36 — - -									
			- 38 — - -									
			40 —						n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations			



SHEET: 1 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 364107.0 m E 8135377.0 m N MGA94 56
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

DATE: 13/5/13

LOCATION: Northern Sands

INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED: SRF

JOB NO: 1546223 HOLE DEPTH: 25.00 m CHECKED: DATE:

		Dri	lling		Sampling				Field Material Desc				_
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
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			-										
			14 —										
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			16 —										
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			- 18 <i>-</i>	18.00									
			-	-16.00			* 		Silty CLAY				
			-	<u>19.00</u> -17.00					SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND	1			
			20 —										



SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

COORDS: 364107.0 m E 8135377.0 m N MGA94 56

LOCATION: Northern Sands

JOB NO:

1546223

SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 25.00 m CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate DATE: 13/5/13 LOGGED: SRF

DATE: CHECKED:

			Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	riptio	n	
МЕТНОВ	I ACIT ACIT ACIT ACIT ACIT ACIT ACIT ACI	RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	DEPTH RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
F	T			20 —			T			SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND			
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				38 —									
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				-									
				40 —	Т	his report of borehole	mu	st be re	ead in	n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations.	t has	bee	n prepared for
					geot	echnical purposes on information only a	ly, wand	ithout a	atten nece	n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. npt to assess possible contamination. Any references to pot issarily indicate the presence or absence of soil or groundwa	tentia ater o	l cont	tamination are for mination. GAP gINT FN. FC



SHEET: 1 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 364201.0 m E 8135459.0 m N MGA94 56
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13/5/13

LOCATION: Northern Sands

1546223

JOB NO:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13 CHECKED: DATE:

		rilling		Sampling	_			Field Material Desc			Г	
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE WATER		<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
<u> </u>		O = O =	RL 2.00			× × / × · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		SEDIMENT (dredged) SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND				



SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 364201.0 m E 8135459.0 m N MGA94 56 PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOCATION: Northern Sands 1546223

JOB NO:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13/5/13 DATE: CHECKED:

Drill	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	rinti	'n	
	iiig		Sampling			7	Field Material Desc			
METHOD PENETRATION RESISTANCE WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
$\overline{1}$	20 —						SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND			
	-									
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	22 —									
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	26 —									
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	28 —									
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	38 —									
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Flanagan Consulting Group

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

CLIENT:

JOB NO:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: NS6

SHEET: 1 OF 2

CHECKED:

DRILL RIG:

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOGGED: SRF

DATE: 13/5/13

DATE:

LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° 1546223

HOLE DEPTH: 25.00 m

SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

COORDS: 364007.0 m E 8135414.0 m N MGA94 56

			ling		Sampling	_			Field Material Descr	-		I
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE CONDITION	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
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			-									
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			2									
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			-									
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			18 —									
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			-									
			20 —	T	his report of borehole	mus lv. w	st be re	ead ir	n conjunction with accompanying notes and abbreviations. In the assess possible contamination. Any references to pot sarily indicate the presence or absence of soil or groundward.	t has	beer	n prepared for tamination are for mination. GAP gINT FN. F



LOCATION: Northern Sands

Flanagan Consulting Group

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development

CLIENT:

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: NS6

DATE: 13/5/13

SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

COORDS: 364007.0 m E 8135414.0 m N MGA94 56

SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED: SRF

JOB NO: 1546223 DATE: HOLE DEPTH: 25.00 m CHECKED:

		Dril	ling		Sampling				Field Material Desc	ripti	on	
МЕТНОБ	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	$\overline{}$	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION		CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			20 —			Ī	1		SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND	T		
			- - - 22 — -									
			- 24 — - -	-23.00					END OF BOREHOLE @ 25.00 m			
			26 — -									
			- 28 — -									
			30 —									
			32 — -									
			34 — 									
			36—									
			- - 38 — -									
			- - 40 —									



Flanagan Consulting Group

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: NS7

SHEET: 1 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13/5/13

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223

CLIENT:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m

COORDS: 363988.0 m E 8135529.0 m N MGA94 56

CHECKED: DATE:

				_ ·								_
1_		illing		Sampling			ب	Field Material Des				
METHOD	RESISTANCE WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS	
		0	2.00									T
		-										
		-										
		2-										
		-										
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		-										
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		18—										
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							1					_



SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

CHECKED:

Field Material Description

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD CONTRA LOCATION: Northern Sands INCLINATION: -90° LOGGED

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13/5/13

DATE:

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223

Drilling

HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m

COORDS: 363988.0 m E 8135529.0 m N MGA94 56

	Drilling		Sampling				Field Material Description						
COLF	MET HOD	PENEIRATION	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONDITION CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
F	Ī			20 —						SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND	Ī		
				22 —									-
				24—									-
				26—									-
				28 —									-
004 Datgel Tools				- - -30	-28.00					END OF BOREHOLE @ 30.00 m			
0 LIB.GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1548223 FLANAGAN SW-NE.GPJ < <drawingfile>> 02/09/2016 17:39 8:30.004 Datgel Tools</drawingfile>				32—									-
SAN SW-NE.GPJ < <dra< th=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>34 —</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></dra<>				34 —									-
PAGE 1546223 FLANAL				36 —									-
AP NON-CORED FULL F				38—									-
LIB.GLB Log GA				40 —						a conjunction with accompanying notes and obbreviations			



SHEET: 1 OF 2

LOGGED: SRF

DRILL RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group COORDS: 363893.0 m E 8135357.0 m N MGA94 56
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223 INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m

CHECKED: DATE:

DATE: 13/5/13

	Drilling		C!!	Field Material Description								
			ııng		Sampling			اب	Field Material Desc			
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
LIB GLB Log GAP NON-CORED FULL PAGE 1546223 FLANAGAN SW-NE GPJ < <drawingfile>> 02:092016 17:39 8:30.004 Datgel Tools</drawingfile>				2.00 -3.00 -4.00 -7.00					SEDIMENT (dredged) Sitty CLAY SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND			



Flanagan Consulting Group

REPORT OF BOREHOLE: NS8

SHEET: 2 OF 2

DRILL RIG:

PROJECT: EIS Stage 1- Port Development SURFACE RL: 2.00 m DATUM: AHD

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOGGED: SRF DATE: 13/5/13

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223

CLIENT:

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 30.00 m

COORDS: 363893.0 m E 8135357.0 m N MGA94 56

CHECKED: DATE:

Drilling		Sampling				Field Material Desc						
METHOD	PENETRATION RESISTANCE	WATER	DEPTH (metres)	<i>DEPTH</i> RL	SAMPLE OR FIELD TEST	RECOVERED	GRAPHIC LOG	USCS SYMBOL	SOIL/ROCK MATERIAL DESCRIPTION	MOISTURE	CONSISTENCY DENSITY	STRUCTURE AND ADDITIONAL OBSERVATIONS
			20 —						SAND/ GRAVELLY SAND			
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			-				x					
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			-	-28.00					END OF BOREHOLE @ 30.00 m			
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_			40 —									



REPORT OF PIEZO-CONE PROBE: CTP11

SHEET: 1 OF 2

CONE No.: RIG:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group
PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development

COORDS: 363759.0 m E 8135734.0 m N MGA94 56

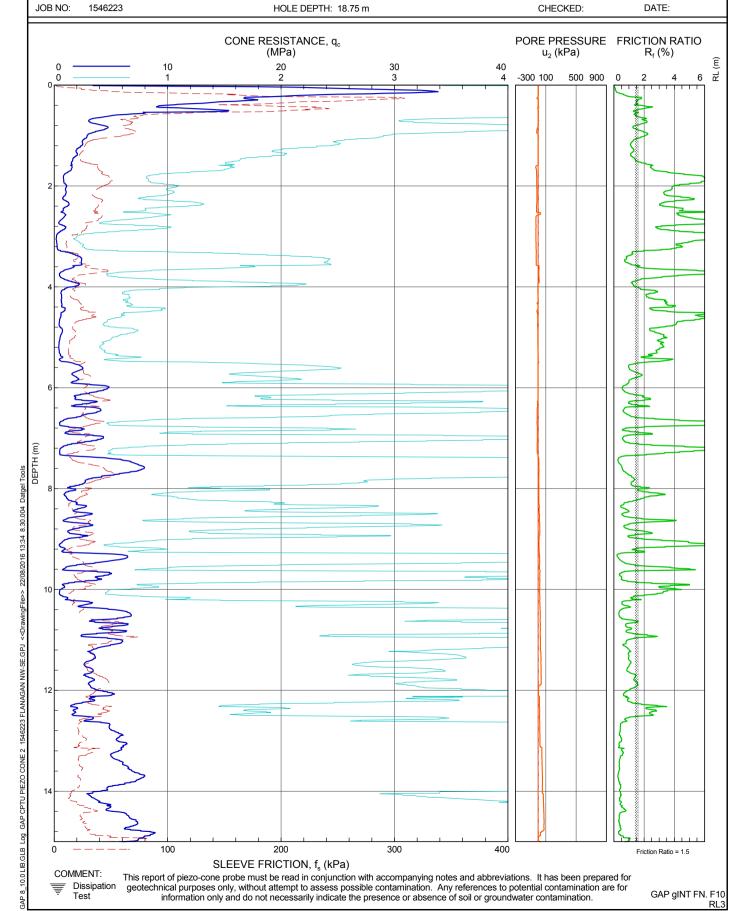
CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOCATION: Northern Sands

INCLINATION: -90°

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

RECORDED: DATE: CHECKED: DATE:





REPORT OF PIEZO-CONE PROBE: CTP11

SHEET: 2 OF 2 CONE No.:

RIG:

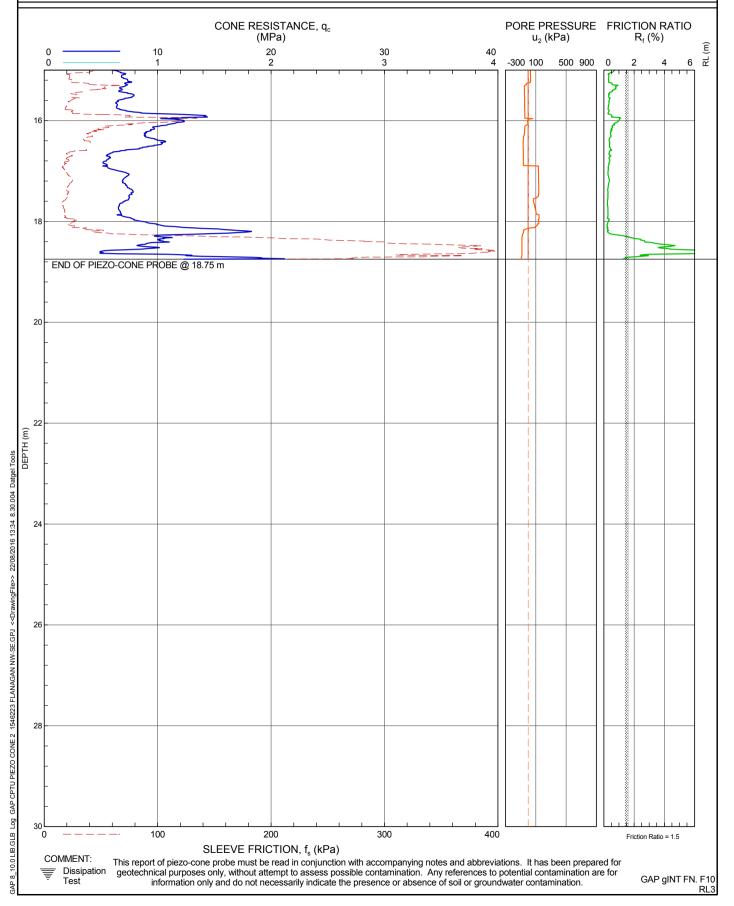
Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development COORDS: 363759.0 m E 8135734.0 m N MGA94 56

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate

LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

INCLINATION: -90° RECORDED: DATE: HOLE DEPTH: 18.75 m CHECKED: DATE:





REPORT OF PIEZO-CONE PROBE: CPT27

SHEET: 1 OF 1

CONE No.:

CLIENT: Flanagan Consulting Group PROJECT: EIS Stage 1 - Port Development COORDS: 364225.0 m E 8135191.0 m N MGA94 56

CONTRACTOR: GEO Investigate RECORDED:

RIG:

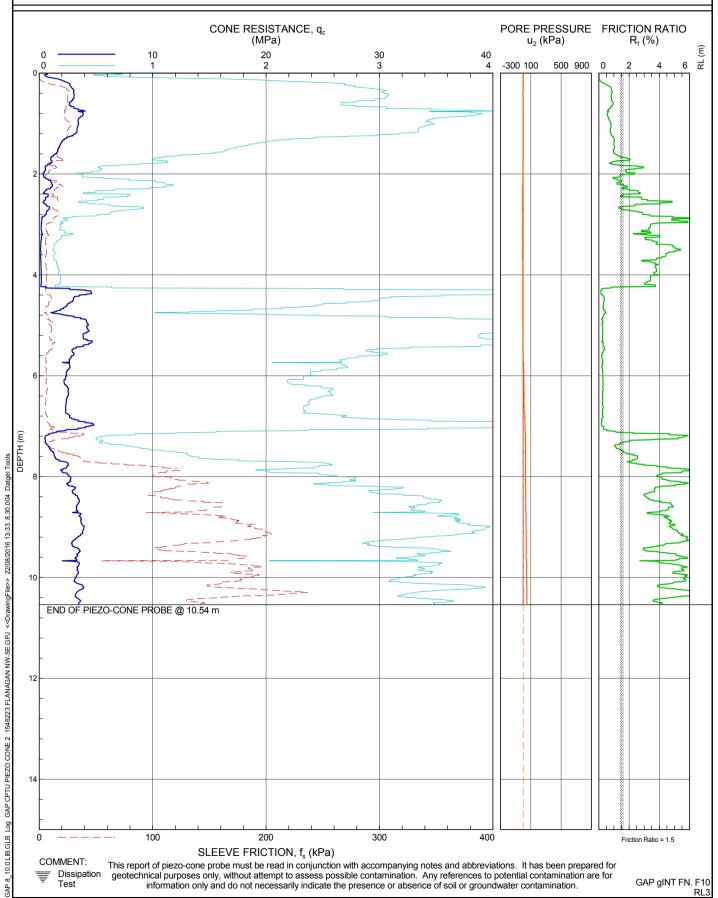
LOCATION: Northern Sands JOB NO: 1546223

INCLINATION: -90° HOLE DEPTH: 10.54 m

SURFACE RL: DATUM: AHD

DATE: CHECKED:

DATE:





METHOD OF SOIL DESCRIPTION USED ON BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT REPORTS

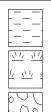
0000

FILL

GRAVEL (GP or GW)

SAND (SP or SW)

SILT (ML or MH)



CLAY (CL, CI or CH)

ORGANIC SOILS (OL or OH or Pt)

COBBLES or BOULDERS

Combinations of these basic symbols may be used to indicate mixed materials such as sandy clay.

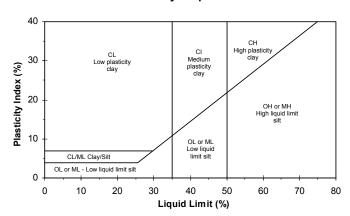
CLASSIFICATION AND INFERRED STRATIGRAPHY

Soil and Rock is classified and described in Reports of Boreholes and Test Pits using the preferred method given in AS1726 – 1993, (Amdt1 – 1994 and Amdt2 – 1994), Appendix A. The material properties are assessed in the field by visual/tactile methods.

Particle Size

Major Divi	sion	Sub Division	Particle Size		
В	OULD	ERS	> 200 mm		
(СОВВ	LES	63 to 200 mm		
		Coarse	20 to 63 mm		
GRAVEL		Medium	6.0 to 20 mm		
		Fine	2.0 to 6.0 mm		
		Coarse	0.6 to 2.0 mm		
SAND		Medium	0.2 to 0.6 mm		
		Fine	0.075 to 0.2 mm		
	SIL	0.002 to 0.075 mm			
	CLA	< 0.002 mm			

Plasticity Properties



MOISTURE CONDITION

AS1726 - 1993

		7,01120 1000
Symbol	Term	Description
D	Dry	Sands and gravels are free flowing. Clays & Silts may be brittle or friable and powdery.
M	Moist	Soils are darker than in the dry condition & may feel cool. Sands and gravels tend to cohere.
W	Wet	Soils exude free water. Sands and gravels tend to cohere.

CONSISTENCY AND DENSITY

Undrained Shear Symbol Term Strength VS Very Soft 0 to 12 kPa S Soft 12 to 25 kPa F 25 to 50 kPa Firm St Stiff 50 to 100 kPa VSt Very Stiff 100 to 200 kPa Н Hard Above 200 kPa

AS1726 - 1993

7.017	20 1000		
Symbol	Term	Density Index %	SPT "N" #
VL	Very Loose	Less than 15	0 to 4
L	Loose	15 to 35	4 to 10
MD	Medium Dense	35 to 65	10 to 30
D	Dense	65 to 85	30 to 50
VD	Very Dense	Above 85	Above 50

In the absence of test results, consistency and density may be assessed from correlations with the observed behaviour of the material

SPT correlations are not stated in AS1726 – 1993, and may be subject to corrections for overburden pressure and equipment type.



EXPLANATION OF NOTES, ABBREVIATIONS & TERMS USED ON BOREHOLE AND TEST PIT REPORTS

DRILLING/E	EXCAVATION METHOD				
AS*	Auger Screwing	RD	Rotary blade or drag bit	NQ	Diamond Core - 47 mm
AD*	Auger Drilling	RT	Rotary Tricone bit	NMLC	Diamond Core - 52 mm
*V	V-Bit	RAB	Rotary Air Blast	HQ	Diamond Core - 63 mm
*T	TC-Bit, e.g. ADT	RC	Reverse Circulation	HMLC	Diamond Core – 63mm
HA	Hand Auger	PT	Push Tube	BH	Tractor Mounted Backhoe
ADH	Hollow Auger	CT	Cable Tool Rig	EX	Tracked Hydraulic Excavator
DTC	Diatube Coring	JET	Jetting	EE	Existing Excavation
WB	Washbore or Bailer	NDD	Non-destructive digging	HAND	Excavated by Hand Methods

PENETRATION/EXCAVATION RESISTANCE

- Low resistance. Rapid penetration possible with little effort from the equipment used. L
- M Medium resistance. Excavation/possible at an acceptable rate with moderate effort from the equipment used.
- н High resistance to penetration/excavation. Further penetration is possible at a slow rate and requires significant effort from the equipment.
- R Refusal or Practical Refusal. No further progress possible without the risk of damage or unacceptable wear to the digging implement or machine.

These assessments are subjective and are dependent on many factors including the equipment power, weight, condition of excavation or drilling tools, and the experience of the operator.

W	ı	Δ	Т	F	R

 $\mathbf{\nabla}$ Water level at date shown Partial water loss Water inflow Complete water loss

GROUNDWATER NOT

OBSERVED

The observation of groundwater, whether present or not, was not possible due to drilling water,

surface seepage or cave in of the borehole/test pit.

GROUNDWATER NOT

ENCOUNTERED

The borehole/test pit was dry soon after excavation. However, groundwater could be present in less permeable strata. Inflow may have been observed had the borehole/test pit been left open

for a longer period.

SAMPLING AND TESTING

Standard Penetration Test to AS1289.6.3.1-2004

4,7,11 N=18 4,7,11 = Blows per 150mm.N = Blows per 300mm penetration following 150mm seating Where practical refusal occurs, the blows and penetration for that interval are reported 30/80mm

RW Penetration occurred under the rod weight only

HW Penetration occurred under the hammer and rod weight only

Hammer double bouncing on anvil HB

DS Disturbed sample Bulk disturbed sample **BDS**

G Gas Sample Water Sample W

FP Field permeability test over section noted

F۷ Field vane shear test expressed as uncorrected shear strength (s_v = peak value, s_r = residual value)

PID Photoionisation Detector reading in ppm PM Pressuremeter test over section noted

PP Pocket penetrometer test expressed as instrument reading in kPa

U63 Thin walled tube sample - number indicates nominal sample diameter in millimetres

WPT Water pressure tests

DCP Dynamic cone penetration test **CPT** Static cone penetration test

CPTu Static cone penetration test with pore pressure (u) measurement

Ranking of Visually	y Observable Contamination and Odour (for	specific soil c	ontamination assessment projects)
R = 0	No visible evidence of contamination	R = A	No non-natural odours identified
R = 1	Slight evidence of visible contamination	R = B	Slight non-natural odours identified
R = 2	Visible contamination	R = C	Moderate non-natural odours identified
R = 3	Significant visible contamination	R = D	Strong non-natural odours identified

ROCK CORE RECOVERY

TCR = Total Core Recovery (%)

SCR = Solid Core Recovery (%)

RQD = Rock Quality Designation (%)

Length of core recovered × 100 Length of core run

\(\sum_\text{Length of cylindrical core recovered} \) ×100 Length of core run

 \sum Axial lengths of core > 100 mm Length of core run



SOILS REPORT, NORTHERN SANDS

APPENDIX B

Important Information





IMPORTANT INFORMATION RELATING TO THIS REPORT

The document ("Report") to which this page is attached and which this page forms a part of, has been issued by Golder Associates Pty Ltd ("Golder") subject to the important limitations and other qualifications set out below.

This Report constitutes or is part of services ("Services") provided by Golder to its client ("Client") under and subject to a contract between Golder and its Client ("Contract"). The contents of this page are not intended to and do not alter Golder's obligations (including any limits on those obligations) to its Client under the Contract.

This Report is provided for use solely by Golder's Client and persons acting on the Client's behalf, such as its professional advisers. Golder is responsible only to its Client for this Report. Golder has no responsibility to any other person who relies or makes decisions based upon this Report or who makes any other use of this Report. Golder accepts no responsibility for any loss or damage suffered by any person other than its Client as a result of any reliance upon any part of this Report, decisions made based upon this Report or any other use of it.

This Report has been prepared in the context of the circumstances and purposes referred to in, or derived from, the Contract and Golder accepts no responsibility for use of the Report, in whole or in part, in any other context or circumstance or for any other purpose.

The scope of Golder's Services and the period of time they relate to are determined by the Contract and are subject to restrictions and limitations set out in the Contract. If a service or other work is not expressly referred to in this Report, do not assume that it has been provided or performed. If a matter is not addressed in this Report, do not assume that any determination has been made by Golder in regards to it.

At any location relevant to the Services conditions may exist which were not detected by Golder, in particular due to the specific scope of the investigation Golder has been engaged to undertake. Conditions can only be verified at the exact location of any tests undertaken. Variations in conditions may occur between tested locations and there may be conditions which have not been revealed by the investigation and which have not therefore been taken into account in this Report.

Golder accepts no responsibility for and makes no representation as to the accuracy or completeness of the information provided to it by or on behalf of the Client or sourced from any third party. Golder has assumed that such information is correct unless otherwise stated and no responsibility is accepted by Golder for incomplete or inaccurate data supplied by its Client or any other person for whom Golder is not responsible. Golder has not taken account of matters that may have existed when the Report was prepared but which were only later disclosed to Golder.

Having regard to the matters referred to in the previous paragraphs on this page in particular, carrying out the Services has allowed Golder to form no more than an opinion as to the actual conditions at any relevant location. That opinion is necessarily constrained by the extent of the information collected by Golder or otherwise made available to Golder. Further, the passage of time may affect the accuracy, applicability or usefulness of the opinions, assessments or other information in this Report. This Report is based upon the information and other circumstances that existed and were known to Golder when the Services were performed and this Report was prepared. Golder has not considered the effect of any possible future developments including physical changes to any relevant location or changes to any laws or regulations relevant to such location.

Where permitted by the Contract, Golder may have retained subconsultants affiliated with Golder to provide some or all of the Services. However, it is Golder which remains solely responsible for the Services and there is no legal recourse against any of Golder's affiliated companies or the employees, officers or directors of any of them.

By date, or revision, the Report supersedes any prior report or other document issued by Golder dealing with any matter that is addressed in the Report.

Any uncertainty as to the extent to which this Report can be used or relied upon in any respect should be referred to Golder for clarification.



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